MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET FOR COATINGS, RESINS AND RELATED MATERIALS

ATE OF FREP. 3/23/94

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SECTION 1

Manufactured For: The Easthill Group Dba/The Eastwood Company 263 Shoemaker Road Pottstown,PA 19464

USA & Canada: 800-345-1178 Outside USA: 610-323-2200

Emergency contact: Chem-Trec: 800-424-9300

TRADE NAME: TURQUOISE

e! .

PRODUCT CLASS: AEROSOL - CHAIN STOPPED ALKYD RESIN MANUFACTURERS CODE [DENTIFICATION: EA-1219-0000

SECTION 2 - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

						مرد میں سے دوری ا	IADOD ODESSIRE
			ACG	IH TLV(T	in)/USHA PEL	٠,	JAPOR PRESSURE
INGREDIENT - (CAS#)		PE	RCENT	PP#	, MG/H3	1.22	40 P.S.I.A. T
PHTHALOCYANINE BLUE	, ,	• •	15	מא	10.00	NI	
HTHALOCYANINE BLUE	1,1	۲)	,13	ทก	15,00		
(147-14-8)			2 20		10.00	NU	
(147-14-8) TITANTUM DIOXIDE						.,	
(13463-67-7) (AS D	UST)			144 44	10.00	1.00	
XYLENE	(1))	10.38	100,00	434100	1144	
(1330-20-7)				100,00	435.00	1 50	
ETHYL BENZENE	(1)	2.59	100.00	434100	1.20	.\
				100.00	423.00		
(100-41-4) TOLUENE	(1) (2)	7.84	100.00	377.00	1.27	
// AG MM 7\		PFI .	- Stt M	שטווטה טר	30,011011 21		
ACETONE	(1)	30.97	750.00	1,780.00	2,60	
(67-64-1)	,			750.00	,800.00		
VANCEN COIDITE			.17	100.00	DN	٠70	
MINERAL SPIRITS				100,00	525,00		
(64742-47-8) WARNISH MAKERS & PA	THYED		. 41	300.00	1,370.00	1:10	
VARNISH MAKERS & PAR MAPHTHA (8032-32-4	TUIEU		174	700.00	1.350.00		
NAPHTHA (8032-32-	4) 051//		4 27	מע	מא	: . 26	
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MON	OPROPIL	(1)	1+27	ทก	ND		
ETHER (2807-30-9)					245.00	: .00	
SC-100 SOLVENT			.10		ND		
(64742-95-6)				מאַ	ND	2,30	
PROPANE - (74-98-6)			18.0	HU	ND 1000 A		
					1800.0		
ISOBUTANE - (75-28-			12.0		D		
	8-HOUR	TIME	ACCEP	TABLE	ACCEPTABLE	MUNIXAN	PEAK ABOVE THE
	A 1.44.					METI TAIC	CONCENTRALITY

MATERIAL	UETOHTED	ACCEPTABLE CETLING CONCENTRATION	ACCEPTABLE MAXIMUM PEAK ABOVE THE ACCEPTANCE CEILING CONCENTRATION FOR AN 8-HOUR SHIFT CONCENTRATION MAXIMUM DURATION
TOLUENE	200 PFM	300 PPH	500 PPN 10 HINUTES.

(1) THIS CHEMICAL IS SUBJECT TO THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 313 OF SARA TITLE III

(2) THIS CHEMICAL IS ON THE LIST OF "CHEMICALS KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE CANCER OR REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY' (PROPOSITION 65)

SECTION 3 - PHYSICAL DATA

- BOILING POINT: N/A

VAPOR DENSITY! HEAVIER THAN AIR

EVAPORATION RATE: FASTER THAN ETHER.

PERCENT VOLATILE DEGANIC BY WEIGHT: 84.2%

HEIGHT PER GALLON: 6.232

EW# 10006Z

SECTION 4 - FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

FLASH FOINT: AEROSQL-10 DEG. F (T.Q.C.) LEL! SEE SECTION 2

FLAHMABILITY CLASSIFICATION: 1A

OSHA: CLASS 1A FLASH POINT RELOW 73 F. AND A ROILING POINT RELOW 100 F.

DOT: CONSUMER CONHODITY ORND

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: USE CARBON DIOXIDE, DRY CHEMICAL OR FOAM.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPOSION HAZARDS: EXPOSURE TO HEAT MAY CAUSE BURSTING OF AEROSOL CAN.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: WATER SPRAY HAY BE INEFFECTIVE, WATER HAY RE USED TO COOL CONTAINERS TO PREVENT BURSTING. IF WATER IS USED, FOG MOZZLES ARE PREFERABLE, WEAR GOGGLES AND SELF CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

SECTION 5 - HEALTH HAZARD

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: SEE SECTION 2

ACUTE OVEREXPOSURE/FIRST AID:

INHALATION: EXPOSURE TO SOLVENT VAPORS CONCENTRATION EXCEEDING THE ESTABLISHED THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUES CAN CAUSE RESPONATORY SYSTEM IRRITATION. SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE ARE IRRITATION, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, NAUSEA, POSSIBLE UNCONSCIOUSNESS AND ASPHYXIATION.

FIRST AID! REMOVE PATIENT TO FRESH AIR. IF BREATHING STOPS, BEGIN ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION. SEEK INHEDIATE HEDICAL ATTENTION.

EYE CONTACT: MAY CAUSE EYE IRRITATION ESPECIALLY UPON DIRECT CONTACT WITH THE

FIRST AID: IMMEDIATELY FLUSH EYES WITH PLENTY OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

SKIN CONTACT: PROLONGED OR REPEATED LIQUID CONTACT MAY CAUSE DEFATTING OF THE SKIN, LEADING TO IRRITATION AND DERNATITIS. FIRST AID! WASH WITH SOAP AND WATER.

INDESTION: ACCIDENTAL INGESTION IS UNLIKELY FROM AN AEROSOL CAN. IF INGESTED, CALL A PHYSICIAN INHEDIATELY. FIRST AID: CALL A PHYSICIAN IMMEDIATELY.

CHRONIC OVEREXPOSURE:

FHTHALOCYANINE BLUE

(1)

(147-14-8)

OVEREXPOSURE - NONE KNOWN. CONTAINS COPPER COMPOUNDS- 24% BY WEIGHT. AS COPPER- 12% BY WEIGHT.

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

(13463-67-7) (AS BUST)

OVEREXPOSURE - NONE KNOWN

NOTE: INHALATION TESTS IN RATS: DUST FROM DRIED PRODUCTS PRODUCED AN INERT OR NUISANCE DUST RESPONSE IN THE LUNGS.

EW# 10006Z

YLENE

(1)

(1330-20-7)OVEREXPOSURE - HEALTH STUDIES HAVE SHOWN THAT MANY PETROLEUM HYDROCARRONS FOSE POTENTIAL HUMAN HEALTH RISK WHICH MAY VARY FROM PERSON TO PERSON. AS A PRECAUTION, EXPOSURE TO LIQUIDS, VAPORS, HISTS, OR FUMES SHOULD BE MINIMIZED. REPORTS OF ANIMAL TEST STUDIES HAVE SHOWN POSSIBLE EFFECTS TO: THE LIVER, KIDNEYS, AND THE LUNGS, REPORTS OF ANIMAL TEST STUDIES HAVE SHOWN EMBRYO/FETOXIC EFFECTS. THE REVELANCE OF THESE EFFECTS TO MAN IS UNKNOWN. HIGH VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS (GREATER THAN APPROXIMATELY 1000 FFM) ARE IRRITATING TO THE EYES AND THE RESPIRATORY TRACT, MAY CAUSE HEADACHES AND DIZZINESS, ARE ANSETHETIC, AND HAY HAVE OTHER NERVOUS SYSTEMEFFECTS INCLUDING DEATH.

ETHYL BENZENE

(1)

(100-41-4)OVEREXPOSURE - MAY CAUSE SEVERE EYE IRRITATION, REDNESS, TEARING, AND BLURR ED VISION, PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE CAN CAUSE IRRITATION, DEFATTING AND DEHITITIS. EXCESSIVE INHALATION OF VAPORS CAN CAUSE MASAL AND RESPIRATO RY IRRITATION, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM EFFECTS INCLUDE DIZZINESS, WEAKNESS, FATIGUE, NAUSEA, HEADACHE, POSSIBLE UNCONSCIOUSNESS, AND EVEN DEATH. CAN CAUSE GASTRO-INTESTINAL IRRITATION, VONITING, AND DIARRHEA. ASPIRATION OF MATERIAL INTO THE LUNGS CAN CAUSE CHEMICAL PNEUMONTIS WHICH CAN BE FATAL.

TOLUENE

(1) (2)

(108~88-3)

OVEREXPOSURE - WHILE THERE IS NO EVIDENCE THAT INDUSTRIAL ACCEPTABLE LEVELS OF TOLUENE (E.G. THE TLV) HAVE PRODUCED CARDIAC EFFECTS IN HUMAND, ANIMAL STUDIES HAVE SHOWN THAT INHALATION OF HIGH LEVELS OF TOLUENE PRODUCED CARDIAC SENSITIZATION. SUCH SENSITIZATION HAY CAUSE FATAL CHANGES IN HEART RHYTHMS. THIS LATTER EFFECT WAS SHOWN TO BE ENHANCED BY HYPOXIA OR THE INJECTION OF ADRENALIN-LIKE AGENTS, RATS EXPOSED TO 1400 PPM OR 1200 PFM OF TOLUENE FOR 14H/DAY FOR 4 OR 5 WEEKS (RESPECTIVELY) EXHIBITED HIGH FREQUENCY HEARING DEFICITS. THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS INFORMATION TO MAN IS UNKHOWN.

ACETONE

(1)

(67-64-1)

OVEREXPOSURE - HIGH VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS MAY INRITATE THE EYES AND MUCOUS MEMBRANES OF THE NOSE AND THROAT. SEVERE OVEREXPOSURE (I.E. > 12,000 FPM) CAN CAUSE CNS DEPRESSION INCLUDING NAUSEA, VONITING, HEADACHES, INCOORDINA-TION AND DIZZINESS. REPEATED OR PROLONGED CONTACT OF THE LIQUID WITH THE SKIN CAN CAUSE REDNESS AND A DRY, SCALY AND FISSURED DERMATITIS, EYE CONTACT RESULTING FROM SPLASHES OR HIGH VAPOR CONCENTRATION EXPUSURE IS IRRITATING. WHEN ACETONE WAS ABSORBED SYSTEMICALLY, IT CAUSED CATARACTS IN LABORATORY ANIMALS. WHEN INGESTED THE EFFECTS ARE INTOXICATING. THESE ACUTE SYMPTOMS HIGHT INCLUDE EARLY EMOTIONAL INSTABILITY, IMPAIRED MOTOR COORDINATION, NAUSEA, VOMITING, DROWSINESS, STUFER AND FINALLY COMA. 10 TO 20 ML HAS BEEN TAKEN GRALLY WITHOUT ILL EFFECTS.

HINERAL SPIRITS

(44742-47-8)

OVEREXPOSURE - NARCOSIS IN HIGH CONCENTRATION, HAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION UPON PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT.

VARNISH MAKERS & PAINTER

NAPHTHA (8032-32-4)

OVEREXPOSURE - MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION UPON PROLONGED OR REPEATED

MANUFACTURERS CODE IDENTIFICATION: EA-1219-0000

EW# 10006Z

CONTACT. CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DEPRESSION IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.

ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOPROPYL (1)

ETHER (2607-30-9)

OVEREXPOSURE - EXPOSURE OF EXPERIMENTAL ANIMALS VIA INHALATION, SKIN · CONTACT, OR INDESTION PRODUCES A TOXIC EFFECT ON THE RED BLOOD CELL. IN STUDIES OF THE RELATED CHEMICAL, 2-BUTOXYETHANOL, RATS WERE AT LEAST THREE (3) TIMES HORE SENSITIVE THAN HUMANS TO THIS TOXIC EFFECT.

SC-100 SOLVENT

(64742-95-6)

OVEREXPOSURE - HEALTH STUDIES HAVE SHOWN THAT HANY PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS POSE POTENTIAL HUMAN HEALTH RISKS WHICH MAY VARY FROM PERSON TO PERSON. AS A FRECAUTION, EXPOSURE TO LIQUIDS, VAPORS, MIST OR FUMES SHOULD BE

HIGH VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS (GREATER THAN APPROXIMATELY 1,000 PPH) ARE IRRITATING TO THE EYES AND THE RESPIRATORY TRACT. HAY CAUSE HEADACHES AND DIZZINESS, ARE ANEATHETIC, AND MAY HAVE OTHER CENTRAL MERVOUS SYSTEM EFFECTS INCLUDING DEATH.

THIS PRODUCT CAN BE DEFINED AS: LIGHT AROMATIC SOVLENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM). IT CONSIST PREDOMINATELY OF CB-C10 ANOMATIC HYDROCARBONS, PRIMARILY C9

SECTION 6 - REACTIVITY DATA

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: DO NOT STORE ABOVE STABILITY: STABLE 120 DEG. F. KEEP FROM SPARKS, PILOT LIGHTS OR OPEN FLAME.

INCOMPATABILITY: (MATERIALS TO AVOID) NONE KNOWN

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: HAY PRODUCE HAZARDOUS FUNES WHEN HEATED TO DECOMPOSITION. FUMES MAY CONTAIN CARBON DIOXIDE AND/OR CARBON MONOXIDE.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERZATION: WILL HOT OCCUR.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: NA

SECTION 7 - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED! REMOVE ALL SOURCES OF IGNITION, AVOID BREATHING VAPORS, VENTILATE AREA, WIFE UP WITH INERT MATERIALS AND PLACE IN APPROPRIATE CONTAINER.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS: DO NOT INCINERATE AEROSOL, DISPOSE OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REBULATIONS. DO NOT PLACE AEROSOL CANS IN HOME COMPACTOR. DO NOT PUNCTURE.

SECTION 8 - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: AVOID CONTINUOUS BREATHING OF VAPORS AND SPRAY HIST. A SELF CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS REQUIRED FOR CONCENTRATIONS ABOVE TLV LINITS.

VENTILATION: USE WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION, SUFFICIENT TO PREVENT INHALATION OF SOLVENT VAPORS.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: OPTIONAL

EYE PROTECTION: ONLY UNDER CONDITIONS WHERE SPRAY HIST HIGHT GET INTO EYES.

EW# 100062

SECTION 9 - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING: DO NOT STORE ABOVE 120 DEG. F. EXPOSURE TO HEAT OR PROLONG EXPOSURE TO SUN MAY CAUSE BURSTING.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: USE ONLY AS DIRECTED. INTENTIAL MISUSE BY DILIBERATELY CONCENTRATING VAPORS AND INHALING CONTENTS CAN DE HARNFUL DE FATAL.

PERIODICALLY USER SHOULD REQUEST NEW MSDS TO ASSURE IT MATCHES CURRENT FORMULATION. THIS MSDS IS BASED ON FORMULA#: EA-1219-0000

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BASED ON DATA BELEIVED TO BE RELIABLE BY SEYHOUR OF SYCAHORE, INC. IT IS TRUE AND ACCURATE TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE, BUT IS NOT INTENDED TO BE ALL INCLUSIVE, USERS SHOULD CONSIDER THIS INFORMATION AS A SUPPLEMENT TO OTHER INFORMATION GATHERED BY THEM AND MUST MAKE THEIR OWN DETERMINATION OF SUITABILITY AND COMPLETENESS TO ASSURE PROPER SAFE USE AND DISPOSAL OF THESE MATERIALS.

ABBREVIATIONS:

N/D

NO DATA

N/A

NOT APPLICABLE

ACGIH (TLV) AMERICAN CONFERENCE OF GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL HYGIENISTS

(TRESHHOLD LINIT VALUE)

PEL

PERMISSABLE EXPOSURE LIMITS

PFH

PARTS PER MILLION

MGM3

NILLIGRANS PER CUBIC NETER

CAS \$

CHENICAL ABSTRACT SERVICE NUMBER

PSIA

POUNDS FER SQUARE INCH - ABSOLUTE

F.

DEGREES FAHRENHEIT

TOC

TAG OPEN CUP

(A-1)

CONFIRMED HUMAN CARCINOGEN BY NTP, IARC, AND/OR OSHA

(A-2)

SUSPECTED HUMAN CARCINOGEN BY NTP, IARC, AND/OR OBNA