Internal Exhaust Coating

Part No. 13795ZA Aerosol

Print Date: 08/25/2016 Revision Date: 08/25/2016 Version: 3.0 (EN)

Page 1 of 12

SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION

1.1 **Product Identifier**

Product Name : Internal Exhaust Coating

Manufacturer Product Number : 13795ZA **Supplier Product Numbers** : 13795Z

1.2 Other Means Of Identification

Other Identifiers : Not Available

1.3 Relevant Identified Uses Of The Substance Or Mixture And Uses Advised Against

Recommended Use : Coating **Restrictions On Use** : None Identified

1.4 **Supplier Details**

Company Name

Address

Phone Number Fax Number

Fmail Website

Supplier Details

The Easthill Group, Inc./The Eastwood Company

263 Shoemaker Road, Pottstown, PA 19464 -**United States**

610-705-5422 610-323-6268

1.5 24 Hr Emergency Phone Number

Emergency Number : 800-424-9300 (Chem-Tel)

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification Of The Substance Or Mixture 2.1

Flammable Aerosols, Category 1 : Extremely flammable aerosol

Gases Under Pressure : Dissolved Gas : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2 : Causes skin irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Category 2a : Causes serious eye irritation

Reproductive Toxicity, Category 2 : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure,

Category 3, Narcosis

: May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Repeated

Exposure, Category 2

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Hazardous To The Aquatic Environment — Acute

Hazard, Category 3

: Harmful to aquatic life

Hazardous To The Aquatic Environment — Chronic : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Hazard, Category 3

2.2 **Label Elements**

Hazard Pictograms







GHS07



GHS04

Signal Word : Danger

Part No. 13795ZA Aerosol

Print Date: 08/25/2016 Revision Date: 08/25/2016 Version: 3.0 (EN) Page 2 of 12

Internal Exhaust Coating

Hazard Statements

: Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Preautionary Statements

: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe spray. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves and eye protection. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call physician if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Dispose of contents/container to local regulations.

2.3 Other Hazards Which Do Not Result In Classification

2.4 Unknown Acute Toxicity

43% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral)
43% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)
9% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Vapours))

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance

Not Applicable

3.2 Mixture

Ingredient	Cas Number	%	Classification*
Acetone	67-64-1	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
N-Hexane	110-54-3	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Vm&P Naphtha	64742-89-8	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Toluene	108-88-3	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Xylene	1330-20-7	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Isobutyl Alcohol	78-83-1	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336

Part No. 13795A Aerosol

Print Date: 08/25/2016 Revision Date: 08/25/2016

Version: 3.0 (EN) Page 3 of 12

Internal Exhaust Coating

Ingredient	Cas Number	%	Classification*
Methanol	67-56-1	0.1 - 1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 STOT SE 1, H370

^{*}Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4 - FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description Of First-Aid Measures 4.1

General Measures : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eve Contact : Rinse eyes with water as a precaution. **Skin Contact** : Wash skin with plenty of water.

: Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell. Ingestion

Inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

First-Aid Responder Protection Wear adequate personal protective equipment based on the nature and severity of the emergency.

Most Important Symptoms And Effects, Both Acute And Delayed

Eve Contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Contact : Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin irritation. Repeated contact may cause drying or

flaking skin. May cause more severe response if confined to skin.

: Due to being an aerosol, the product does not lend itself to ingestion. Should ingestion occur, it may Ingestion

cause irritation to membranes of the mouth, thorat, and gastrointestinal tract resulting in vomiting and/or cramps. Aspriation of vomit into the lungs may cause inflammation, and possible chemical

pneumonitis, bronchopneumonia, or pulmonary edema.

Inhalation : Prolonged or repeated overexposure is anesthetic. May cause irritation of the respiratory tract, or acute

nervous system depression characterized by headache, dizziness, staggering gait, confusion or death.

Irritation of the mucous membranes, coughing, and dyspnea are also possible.

4.3 **Indication Of Immediate Medical Attention And Special Treatment**

Notes To Physician : Treat symptomatically. Specific Treatments/Antidotes : No Information Available. **Immediate Medical Attention** : No Information Available.

SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Extinguishing Media : Water, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, universal aqueous film forming foam.

Unsuitable Media : Water jet.

Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical Or Mixture 5.2

Decomposition Products : Decomposition products may include: oxides of carbon, smoke, vapors.

Hazards From The Product : Extremely flammable. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur which may result in container

bursting. Vapors heavier than air may spread along the ground and travel to ignition an source.

5.3 **Special Protective Actions For Fire-Fighters**

Protective Actions : Use water spray to cool fire exposed aerosol containers, as contents can rupture violently from heat

developed pressure.

Protective Equipment : Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus with full face-piece operated in positive

pressure mode.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Internal Exhaust Coating

Part No. 13795ZA Aerosol

Print Date: 08/25/2016 Revision Date: 08/25/2016 Version: 3.0 (EN) Page 4 of 12

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment And Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel

: No action should be taken involving any personnel without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spill. Remove ignition sources and provide adequate ventilation only if it is safe to do so.

For Emergency Responders

: Use personal protection as recommended in Section 8. Observe precautions provided for non-emergency personnel above.

6.2 Environmental Precautions

Precautions

: Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches, and waterways. Minimize use of water to prevent environmental contamination.

6.3 Methods And Materials For Containment And Cleaning Up

Containment Procedures

: Product is an aerosol, therefore spills and leaks are unlikely. In case of rupture, released content may be contained with oil/solvent absorbent pads, socks, and/or absorbents.

Cleanup Procedures

: Spills from aerosol cans are unlikely and are generally of small volume. Large spills are therefore not normally considered a problem. In case of actual rupture, avoid breathing vapors and ventilate area well. Remove sources of ignition and use non-sparking equipment. Soak up material with inert absorbent and place in safety containers for proper disposal.

Other Information

: Aerosol products represent a limited hazard and will not spill or leak unless ruptured. In case of rupture contents are generally evacuated from the can rapidly. Area should be ventilated immediately and continuous ventilation provided until all fumes and vapors have been removed. Aerosol cans should never be incinerated or burned.

Prohibited Materials

: Combustible absorbent material such as sawdust. Use of equipment that may cause sparking.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions For Safe Handling

General Handling Precautions

: KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Avoid breathing of vapors. Do not incinerate (burn) containers. Always replace overcap when not in use. Avoid use around open flames or other sources of ignition. Exposure to heat or prolonged exposure to sun may cause can to burst.

Hygiene Recommendations

: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after use. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating or smoking areas.

7.2 Conditions For Safe Storage Including Any Incompatibilities

Storage Requirements

Incompatibilities

: Storage of individual cans should be done in an area below 55°C (120°F), and away from heat sources. Ensure can is in a secure place to prevent knocking over and accidental rupture. For storage of pallet quantities, compliance with NFPA 30B (Manufacture and Storage of Aerosol Products) is recommended.

NFPA 30B Classification

: Segregate storage away from materials indicated in Section 10.: This product is classified as a Level 3 Aerosol per NFPA 30B.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters

Acetone (67-64-1)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	250 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	500 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2400 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	2500 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	250 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	1200 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	1780 mg/m³

Part No. 13795ZA Aerosol

Print Date: 08/25/2016 Revision Date: 08/25/2016 Version: 3.0 (EN) Page 5 of 12

Internal Exhaust Coating

Acetone (67-64-1)			
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	750 ppm	
California	California PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	3000 ppm	
BEI	Acetone in urine, End of shift (Ns)	25 mg/l	
VM&P Naphtha (64742-89-8)			
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2000 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500 ppm	
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	1350 mg/m³	
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	300 ppm	
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	1800 mg/m³	
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	400 ppm	
Toluene (108-88-3)			
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm	
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150 ppm	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	300 ppm	
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	500 ppm	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	150 ppm	
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	37 mg/m³	
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm	
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	560 mg/m³	
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	150 ppm	
California	California PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	500 ppm	
BEI	Toluene in blood, Prior to last shift of workweek	0.02 mg/l	
BEI	Toluene in urine, End of shift	0.03 mg/l	
BEI	o-Cresol in urine (with hydrolysis), End of shift (B)	0.3 mg/g creatinine	
Xylene (1330-20-7)			
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm	
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150 ppm	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm	
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	435 mg/m³	
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm	
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	655 mg/m³	
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	150 ppm	
California	California PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	300 ppm	
Isobutyl Alcohol (78-83-1)	Isobutyl Alcohol (78-83-1)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	50 ppm	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	300 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm	
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	1600 ppm	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	150 mg/m³	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm	
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	150 mg/m³	
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm	

Part No. 13795ZA Aerosol

Print Date: 08/25/2016 Revision Date: 08/25/2016 Version: 3.0 (EN) Page 6 of 12

Internal Exhaust Coating

Methanol (67-56-1)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	6000 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	260 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	325 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm
California	California PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	1000 ppm
BEI	Methanol in Urine, End of shift (B,Ns)	15 mg/l
n-Hexane (110-54-3)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1800 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	1100 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	180 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	180 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm
BEI	2,5-Hexanedion in urine (without hydrolosis), End of shift at end of workweek	0.4 mg/l

8.2 Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. General ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. Local exhaust ventilation or an enclosed handling system may be necessary to control air contamination below that of the lowest OEL from the table above.

Respiratory Protection

: An approved respirator with an organic vapor cartridge may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed occupational exposure limits. If respirators are needed, in the United States compliance with OSHA standard 29 CFR 1910.134 is necessary.

Skin Protection

: For brief contact, no precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed. When prolonged or repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing impervious to the ingredients listed in Section 2.

Eye/Face Protection

: Safety glasses with side shields are recommended as a minimum for any type of industrial chemical handling. Where eye contact with this material could occur, chemical splash proof goggles are recommended.

Other Protective Equipment

: Safety showers and eye-wash stations should be available in the workplace near where the material will be used.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Physical Properties

Boiling Point > 56.10 °C Melting / Freezing Point > -95.30 ℃ Flash Point, Liquid > -27.20 °C -41.10 °C Flash Point, Propellant **Explosive Limits** LEL: 1.00 UEL: 13.00 vol % **Autoignition Temperature, Liquid** 225.00 °C Flammability Extremely Flammable Aerosol Density 0.755 g/cm3 **Molecular Weight** Not Available Weight 6.300 lbs/gal Not Available Not Available Vapor Pressure **Vapor Density** Not Available Evaporation Rate (nBAc=1) Not Available

Part No. 13795ZA Aerosol

Print Date: 08/25/2016 Revision Date: 08/25/2016 Version: 3.0 (EN)

Page 7 of 12

Internal Exhaust Coating

Partition Coefficient Viscosity Not Available Not Available **Odor Threshold** Not Available **Refractive Index** Not Available **Physical Form** Pressurized Product **Heat Of Combustion** Not Available Paint-like **Water Solubility** Not Available Odor Appearance / Color Black **Decomposition Temperature** Not Available

Environmental Properties 9.2

Percent Volatile 661.23 g/L (5.52 lbs/gal) 91.00 % wt **VOC Regulatory** Percent VOC 59.00 % wt **VOC Actual** 445.45 g/L (3.72 lbs/gal) 85.77 g/L (0.72 lbs/gal) Percent HAP 11.36 % wt **HAP Content**

Global Warming Potential 0.27 GWP **Maximum Incremental Reactivity** 1.3510 g O3/g

0.00 ODP **Ozone Depletion Potential**

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity is available for this products or its ingredients.

10.2 **Chemical Stability**

Stability : This product is stable.

10.3 **Possibility Of Hazardous Reactions**

Reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions are not expected to occur.

10.4 **Conditions To Avoid**

Conditions : Electrostatic Discharge, Other Ignition Sources, Temperatures above 140°F (60°C), Hot Surfaces, Heat,

Flames, Sparks.

10.5 **Incompatible Materials**

LC50 Inhalation (Rat)

: Strong Oxidizing Agents, Alkali Metals, Strong Acids, Potassium t-Butoxide, Hydrogen Peroxide, Incompatibilities

Chromium Trioxide, Chlorosulfuric Acid, Chlorine, Potassium Chlorate, Dinitrogen Tetroxide, Chlorine

Dioxide.

Hazardous Decomposition Products 10.6

Products : Oxides of carbon, Formaldehyde.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1.1 Information On Toxicological Effects

Acetone (67-64-1)	
LD50 Oral (Rat)	5800 mg/kg (ECHA)
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	20000 mg/kg (IUCLID)
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	76 mg/l/4h (Lit.)
VM&P Naphtha (64742-89-8)	
LD50 Oral (Rat)	> 8000 mg/kg (Lit.)
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 2000 mg/kg (External SDS)
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	> 20 mg/l/4h (External SDS)
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	3400 ppm/4h (Lit.)
Toluene (108-88-3)	
LD50 Oral (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Lit.)
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	12124 mg/kg (IUCLID)

> 20 mg/l/4h (Rat; Literature study)

Part No. 13795ZA Aerosol

Print Date: 08/25/2016 Revision Date: 08/25/2016 Version: 3.0 (EN) Page 8 of 12

Internal Exhaust Coating

Xylene (1330-20-7)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	4300 mg/kg (RTECS)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	12126 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	6350 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)	
Isobutyl Alcohol (78-83-1)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	2460 mg/kg (RTECS)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	3400 mg/kg bodyweight (RTECS)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	19200 mg/kg (RTECS)	
Methanol (67-56-1)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	5850 mg/kg (ChemInfo)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	15800 mg/kg (RTECS)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	131.25 mg/l/4h (ECHA)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	64000 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)	
n-Hexane (110-54-3)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	29700 mg/kg (RTECS)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 3350 mg/kg bodyweight (ChemInfo)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	38500 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)	

11.1.2 Health Hazard Classification

 Skin Corrosion/Irritation
 : Causes skin irritation.

 Eye Damage/Irritation
 : Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory Or Skin Sensitization : Not classified
Germ Cell Mutagenicity : Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Stot-Single Exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Stot-Repeated Exposure : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration Hazard : Not classified

Carcinogen Data : None of the ingredients in the product are listed with OSHA, IARC, NTP or ACGIH as being a suspected or

known carcinogen in a concentration greater than 0.1% by weight.

11.1.3 Information On The Likely Routes Of Exposure

Routes Of Exposure : Eye Contact, Ingestion, Skin Contact, Inhalation, Skin Absorption.

11.1.4 Symptoms Related To The Physical, Chemical And Toxicological Characteristics

Symptoms of Exposure : Eye Irritation, Nose Irritation, Throat Irritation, Lassitude (Weakness), Dermatitis, Skin Irritation,

Headache, Dizziness, Nausea, Upper Respiratory Tract Irritation, Drowsiness, Vomiting, Optical Nerve

Damage, Cough, Chemical Pneumonitis (Aspiration Liquid), Numbness.

11.1.5 Delayed And Immediate Effects And Also Chronic Effects From Short And Long Term Exposure

Delayed Effects: No known delayed effects.Immediate Effects: No known immediate effects.

Chronic Effects : Methyl alcohol may be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed.

Target Organs : Central Nervous System, Eyes, Gastrointestinal Tract, Peripheral Nervous System, Respiratory System,

Skin.

Medical Conditions Aggravated : None identified.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Ecotoxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in

 $the\ environment.$

Part No. 13795ZA Aerosol

Print Date: 08/25/2016 Revision Date: 08/25/2016 Version: 3.0 (EN) Page 9 of 12

Internal Exhaust Coating

Acetone (67-64-1)

Acetone (67-64-1)	
LC50 fish 1	5540 mg/l 96h, Rainbow Trout (Lit.)
EC50 Daphnia 1	12600 mg/l 48h, Water Flea (Lit.)
Toluene (108-88-3)	
LC50 fish 1	5.8 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr
LC50 other aquatic organisms 1	10 mg/l Green Algae - 72hr
EC50 Daphnia 1	6 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LC50 fish 1	3.3 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr
EC50 Daphnia 1	75.49 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	72 mg/l Green Algae - 14d
Isobutyl Alcohol (78-83-1)	
LC50 fish 1	1430 mg/l Fathead Minnow - 96h
EC50 Daphnia 1	1100 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
Methanol (67-56-1)	
LC50 fish 1	15400 mg/l Bluegill Sunfish - 96h
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	22000 mg/l Freshwater Algae - 96hr
, ,	, g,
n-Hexane (110-54-3)	2.5 mg/l Fathead Minnow - 96h
LC50 fish 1 EC50 Daphnia 1	2.5 mg/l Fatneda Minnow - 96n 3878 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
ЕСЭО Барппа 1	3876 Hig/I Water Fieu - 46Hi
2.2 Ecological Properties	
Acetone (67-64-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability >90% / 28 days.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.43 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.92 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	2.20 g O ₂ /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.872 (20 days; Literature study)
BCF fish 1	0.69 (BCF)
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	3 (BCF; BCFWIN)
Log Pow	-0.24 (Test data)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.
VM&P Naphtha (64742-89-8)	8'-dd
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability 94% / 28 days.
Log Pow	2.1
Toluene (108-88-3)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for adsorption in soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	2.15 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.52 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	3.13 g O ₂ /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.69
BCF fish 2	90 (BCF; 72 h; Leuciscus idus; Static system; Fresh water)
Log Pow Piagesumulative notantial	2.73 (Experimental value; Other; 20 °C) Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation [BCF < 300).
Xylene (1330-20-7)	Don't be don't be
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.40 - 2.53 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.56 - 2.91 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	3.1 g O ₂ /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.44 - 0.816
BCF fish 1	14.1 - 24 (BCF)
Log Pow Pingssymulative notantial	3.15 - 3.3
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
Isobutyl Alcohol (78-83-1)	
Log Pow	0.683
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

Part No. 13795ZA Aerosol

Print Date: 08/25/2016 Revision Date: 08/25/2016 Version: 3.0 (EN) Page 10 of 12

Internal Exhaust Coating

Isobutyl Alcohol (78-83-1)		
Log Koc	log Koc,SRC PCKOCWIN v1.66; 0.31; Calculated value	
Methanol (67-56-1)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability 72% / 5 days.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.6 - 1.12 g O₂/g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.42 g O_2/g substance	
ThOD	1.5 g O₂/g substance	
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.8 (Literature study)	
BCF fish 1	< 10 (BCF; 72 h; Leuciscus idus)	
Log Pow	-0.77 (Experimental value; Other)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	
Log Koc	0.44	
n-Hexane (110-54-3)		
ThOD	3.52 g O₂/g substance	
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.63 (Literature study)	
BCF fish 1	501.187 (BCF; Other; Pimephales promelas)	
Log Pow	3.9	
Bioaccumulative potential	Potential for bioaccumulation (500 ≤ BCF ≤ 5000).	
Log Koc	2.17	

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal

: Characteristics and waste stream classification can change with product use and location. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment, and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition. All waste must be disposed of in compliance with the respective national, federal, state, and/or local regulations.

Waste Disposal Of Packaging

: In the United States, an aerosol container that does not contain a significant amount of liquid would meet the definition of scrap metal (40 CFR 261.1(c)(6)), and would be exempt from RCRA regulation under 40 CFR 261.6(a)(3)(iv) if it is to be recycled. If containers are to be disposed of (not recycled) it must be managed under all applicable RCRA and state regulations.

Landfill Precautions

: Not Available.

Incineration Precautions : ** DO NOT INCINERATE ** CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE **.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Transportation Information	Ground Transportation (DOT)	Air Transportation (IATA)	Ocean Transportation (IMDG)
Identification Number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
Proper Shipping Name	Aerosols, Limited Quantity	Aerosols, Flammable, Limited Quantity	Aerosols, Limited Quantity
Hazard Class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packaging Group	None	None	None
Limited Quantity	Yes	Yes	Yes
Marine Pollutant	No	No	No
Hazard Labels		2.1 - Flammable gas	

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Internal Exhaust Coating

Part No. 13795ZA Aerosol

Print Date: 08/25/2016 Revision Date: 08/25/2016 Version: 3.0 (EN) Page 11 of 12

15.1 Federal Regulations

TSCA Inventory

: All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory except for:

SARA 313 Reporting

: Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Toluene	CAS No 108-88-3	5 - 10%
Xylene	CAS No 1330-20-7	5 - 10%
Methanol	CAS No 67-56-1	< 1%
n-Hexane	CAS No 110-54-3	10 - 30%

Applicable Federal Regulations

: One or more ingredients are regulated by other Federal Regulations.

Acetone (67-64-1)		
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb	
Toluene (108-88-3)		
• •		
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb	
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
CERCLA RQ	100 lb	
CWA Reportable Quantity	100 lb	
RCRA Code	U239	
Isobutyl Alcohol (78-83-1)		
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb	
Methanol (67-56-1)		
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb	
n Harris (440 E4 2)		

n-Hexane (110-54-3)	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb

15.2 State Regulations

California Proposition 65

: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Toluene (108-88-3)		
Developmental Toxicity	Yes	
Non-significant risk level (NSRL)	7000	
Methanol (67-56-1)		
Developmental Toxicity	Yes	

State Right-to-Know Lists

: The following ingredients appear on one or more state Right-to-Know lists.

Dimethyl Ether (115-10-6)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

Acetone (67-64-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Toluene (108-88-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Xylene (1330-20-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Isobutyl Alcohol (78-83-1)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Part No. 13795ZA Aerosol

Print Date: 08/25/2016 Revision Date: 08/25/2016 Version: 3.0 (EN) Page 12 of 12

Internal Exhaust Coating

Methanol (67-56-1)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

n-Hexane (110-54-3)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

SDS Compliance

: This SDS complies with the below listed regulations only. For SDS that comply with other countries, please contact our Regulatory Department .

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS 2012) 29 CFR 1910.1200 Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS) Revision 3

Disclaimer Of Liability

: The information contained herein is based upon data provided to us by our suppliers, and reflects our best judgement. However, no warranty of merchantability, fitness for any use, or any other warranty or guarantee is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of such data, or the results to be obtained from use thereof. Since the information contained herein may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of such application. This information is furnished upon the condition that the persons receiving it shall make their own determinations of the suitability of the material for any particular use. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee these are the only hazards that exist

Full text of H-statements

H Code	H Phrase
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
Н336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H370	Causes damage to organs
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
	H222 H225 H226 H280 H301 H304 H311 H315 H318 H319 H331 H335 H336 H361 H370 H373 H401 H402 H411