

Part No. 14824Z (Aerosol)

Print Date: 1/22/2018 Revision Date: 1/22/2018 Supersedes Date: 1/3/2018 Issue Date: 8/13/2013 Version: 4.0 (EN)-US

Version: 4.0 (EN)-US Page: 1/11

Rust Encapsulator White

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product Identifier

Product Name : Rust Encapsulator White

Manufacturer Product Number

Supplier Product Numbers : 14824Z

1.2 Other Means of Identification

Other Identifiers : Not Available

1.3 Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Recommended Use : Rust preventative
Restrictions on Use : None Identified

1.4 Supplier Details

1.4 Supplier Details		
	Supplier Details	
Company Name :	The Easthill Group, Inc./The Eastwood Company	
Address :	263 Shoemaker Road, Pottstown, PA 19464 - United	
	States	
Phone Number :	800-343-9353	
Fax Number :		
Email :	www.eastwood.com	
Website :		

1.5 24 hr Emergency Phone Number

Emergency Number : 800-424.9300 Chem Trec

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture			
Flam. Aerosol 1	H222	Physical Hazards	Flammable aerosol Category 1
Press. Gas (Diss.)	H280	Physical Hazards	Gases under pressure Dissolved gas
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Health Hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Health Hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2
Carc. 2	H351	Health Hazards	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Repr. 2	H361	Health Hazards	Reproductive toxicity Category 2
Stot Re 1	H372	Health Hazards	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
Aquatic Acute 2	H401	Environmental Hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 2	H411	Environmental Hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2

2.2 Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms











Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements H222 : Extremely flammable aerosol

H280 : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

H315: Causes skin irritationH319: Causes serious eye irritationH351: Suspected of causing cancer

Part No. 14824Z (Aerosol)

Print Date: 1/22/2018 Revision Date: 1/22/2018 Supersedes Date: 1/3/2018 Issue Date: 8/13/2013 Version: 4.0 (EN)-US

Page: 2/11

Rust Encapsulator White

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

H361 : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H401 Toxic to aquatic life

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements P202 : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

> P210 : Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P211 : Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 : Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P260 : Do not breathe spray.

: Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P264

P270 : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 : Avoid release to the environment. P280 : Wear protective gloves and eye protection. P302+P352 : If on skin: Wash with plenty of water

P305+P351+P338 : If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P308+P313 : If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P314 : Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. P332+P313 : If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337+P313 : If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 : Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

P501 : Dispose of contents/container to local regulations

2.3 Other Hazards Which Do Not Result In Classification

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified : None Identified.

2.4 Unknown acute toxicity

34.42% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral)

42.38% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)

22.92% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Vapours))

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance / Mixture

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

3.2 Composition

Substance name	CAS Number	% wt*	Classification
Propane	74-98-6	10 - 30	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Diss.), H280
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10 - 30	Carc. 2, H351
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Acetone	67-64-1	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336

Part No. 14824Z (Aerosol)

Print Date: 1/22/2018 Revision Date: 1/22/2018 Supersedes Date: 1/3/2018 Issue Date: 8/13/2013 Version: 4.0 (EN)-US

sion: 4.0 (EN)-US Page: 3/11

Rust Encapsulator White

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Substance name	CAS Number	% wt*	Classification
N-Hexane	110-54-3	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	1 - 5	Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha	64742-95-6	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Mineral Spirits	64742-88-7	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Aluminum Hydroxide	21645-51-2	1 - 5	Not classified

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4 - FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of First-Aid Measures

General Measures : If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Skin Contact : Wash skin with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical

advice/attention.

Eye Contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion : Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

First-Aid Responder Protection : Wear adequate personal protective equipment based on the nature and severity of the emergency.

4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms of Exposure : Eye Irritation, Nose Irritation, Throat Irritation, Lassitude (Weakness), Muscle Ache, Dermatitis, Central

Nervous System Depression, Confusion, Resipratory Irritation, Skin Irritation, Headache, Dizziness, Nausea, Incoordination, Narcosis, Upper Respiratory Tract Irritation, Drowsiness, Vomiting, Chills, Fever, Dry Throat, Cough, Blurred Vision, Malaise, Chest Tightness, Chemical Pneumonitis (Aspiration Liquid), Numbness,

Mucous Membrane, Diarrhea.

Delayed Effects : No known delayed effects.

 Immediate Effects
 : No known immediate effects.

Chronic Effects : Because of defatting properties, repeated skin contact can cause skin damage such as chap, dermatitis,

inflammation and the formation of eczema.

 Target Organs
 : Blood, Central Nervous System, Eyes, Liver, Peripheral Nervous System, Reproductive System, Respiratory

System, Skin, Kidneys.

4.3 Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Notes to Physician : Treat symptomatically.

Specific Treatments/Antidotes : No Information Available.

Medical Conditions Aggravated : May aggravate personnel with pre-existing disorders associated with any of the Target Organs.

SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Suitable Extinguishing Media

Extinguishing Media : Water, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, universal aqueous film forming foam.

Unsuitable Media : Water jet.

5.2 Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical or Mixture

Hazardous Combustion Products : Decomposition products may include: oxides of carbon, smoke, vapors. See also Section 10.6.

^{*}Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

Part No. 14824Z (Aerosol)

Print Date: 1/22/2018 Revision Date: 1/22/2018 Supersedes Date: 1/3/2018 Issue Date: 8/13/2013 Version: 4 0 (FN)-US

Version: 4.0 (EN)-US Page: 4/11

Rust Encapsulator White

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Specific Hazards During Firefighting

: Extremely flammable. Contents under pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur which may result in container bursting. Vapors heavier than air may spread along the ground and travel to an ignition source.

5.3 Special Protective Actions for Fire-Fighters

Firefighting Instructions

: Use water spray to cool fire exposed aerosol containers, as contents can rupture violently from heat developed pressure.

Protection during Firefighting

: Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus with full face-piece operated in positive pressure

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel

: No action should be taken involving any personnel without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spill. Remove ignition sources and provide adequate ventilation only if it is safe to do so.

For Emergency Personnel

: Use personal protection as recommended in Section 8. Observe precautions provided for non-emergency personnel above.

6.2 Environmental Precautions

Environmental Precautions

: Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches, and waterways. Minimize use of water to prevent environmental contamination.

6.3 Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Containment Procedures

: Product is an aerosol, therefore spills and leaks are unlikely. In case of rupture, released content may be contained with oil/solvent absorbent pads, socks, and/or absorbents.

Cleanup Procedures

: Spills from aerosol cans are unlikely and are generally of small volume. Large spills are therefore not normally considered a problem. In case of actual rupture, avoid breathing vapors and ventilate area well. Remove sources of ignition and use non-sparking equipment. Soak up material with inert absorbent and place in safety containers for proper disposal.

Other Information

: Aerosol products represent a limited hazard and will not spill or leak unless ruptured. In case of rupture contents are generally evacuated from the can rapidly. Area should be ventilated immediately and continuous ventilation provided until all fumes and vapors have been removed. Aerosol cans should never be incinerated or burned.

Prohibited Materials

: Combustible absorbent material such as sawdust. Use of equipment that may cause sparking.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling

General Handling Precautions

: KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Avoid breathing of vapors. Do not incinerate (burn) containers. Always replace overcap when not in use. Avoid use around open flames or other sources of ignition. Exposure to heat or prolonged exposure to sun may cause can to burst. Use only with adequate ventilation, opening doors or windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

Hygiene Recommendations

: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after use. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating or smoking areas.

7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage Including Any Incompatibilities

Storage Requirements

: Storage of individual cans should be done in an area below 55°C (120°F), and away from heat sources. Ensure can is in a secure place to prevent knocking over and accidental rupture. For storage of pallet quantities, compliance with NFPA 30B (Manufacture and Storage of Aerosol Products) is recommended.

Incompatibilities

: Segregate storage away from materials indicated in Section 10.

NFPA 30B Classification

: This product is classified as a Level 2 Aerosol per NFPA 30B

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters

Part No. 14824Z (Aerosol)

Print Date: 1/22/2018 Revision Date: 1/22/2018 Supersedes Date: 1/3/2018 Issue Date: 8/13/2013 Version: 4.0 (EN)-US

Page: 5/11

Rust Encapsulator White

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Propane (74-98-6)		
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1800 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	2100 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1800 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	1800 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
Barium Sulfate (7727-43-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	5 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³ (total dust)
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total dust)
Acetone (67-64-1)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	250 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	500 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2400 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	2500 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	250 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	1200 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	1780 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	750 ppm
California	California PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	3000 ppm
Biological Exposure Index	Acetone in urine, End of shift (Ns)	25 mg/l
N-Hexane (110-54-3)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	50 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1800 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	1100 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	180 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	180 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm
Biological Exposure Index	2,5-Hexanedion in urine (without hydrolosis), End of shift at end of workweek	0.4 mg/l
Titanium Dioxide (13463-67-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	1 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³
NIOSH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	5000 mg/m³
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	0 ррт
Aluminum Hydroxide (21645-5	1-2)	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. General ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. Local exhaust ventilation or an enclosed handling system may be necessary to control air contamination below that of the lowest OEL from the table above.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye / Face Protection

: Safety glasses with side shields are recommended as a minimum for any type of industrial chemical handling. Where eye contact with this material could occur, chemical splash proof goggles are recommended.

Hand Protection Remarks

- : Chemical-resistant gloves, tested according to ASTM F903 17.
- : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to the place of work.

Skin and Body Protection

: For brief contact, no precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed. When prolonged or repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing impervious to the ingredients listed in Section 2.

Part No. 14824Z (Aerosol)

Print Date: 1/22/2018 Revision Date: 1/22/2018 Supersedes Date: 1/3/2018 Issue Date: 8/13/2013

Version: 4.0 (EN)-US Page: 6/11

Rust Encapsulator White

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Respiratory Protection

Compliance

: An approved respirator with an organic vapor cartridge may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed occupational exposure limits.

: If needed, compliance with OSHA standard 29 CFR 1910.134 is necessary.

Other Protective Equipment

: Safety showers and eye-wash stations should be available in the workplace near where the material will be

used.

Environmental Exposure Controls : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Physical Properties			
Boiling Point	> 55.60 °C	Melting / Freezing Point	>-108.00 °C
Flash Point, Liquid	> -27.00 °C	Flash Point, Propellant	-104.40 °C
Explosive Limits	LEL: 0.60 UEL: 13.70 vol %	Autoignition Temperature, Liquid	205.00 °C
Flammability	Extremely Flammable Aerosol	Density	0.860 g/cm³
Molecular Weight	Not Available	Weight	7.177 lbs/gal
Vapor Pressure	Not Available	рН	Not Available
Vapor Density	Not Available	Evaporation Rate (nBAc=1)	Not Available
Viscosity	Not Available	Partition Coefficient (Log Pow)	Not Available
Odor Threshold	Not Available	Refractive Index	Not Available
Physical State	Pressurized Product	Heat Of Combustion	9054.99 BTU/lb
Appearance / Color	White	Water Solubility	Not Available
Odor	Paint-like	Decomposition Temperature	Not Available

9.2 Environmental Properties			
Percent Volatile	60.51 % wt	VOC Regulatory	418.76 g/L (3.49 lbs/gal)
Percent VOC	36.75 % wt	VOC Actual	316.03 g/L (2.64 lbs/gal)
Percent HAP	0.36 % wt	HAP Content	3.10 g/L (0.03 lbs/gal)
Global Warming Potential	0.78 GWP	Maximum Incremental Reactivity	0.6350 g O3/g
Ozone Depletion Potential	0.00 ODP		

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity is available for this products or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical Stability

Chemical Stability : This product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous Reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions are not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid

Conditions to Avoid : Electrostatic Discharge, Other Ignition Sources, Heat, Flames, Sparks.

10.5 Incompatible Materials

Materials to Avoid: Strong Oxidizing Agents, Strong Reducing Agents, Bromine Pentafluoride, Strong Acids, Aluminum, Potassiumt-Butoxide, Halogen Compounds, Bases, Hydrogen Peroxide, Magnesium, Chlorosulfuric Acid, Chlorine,

Potassium Chlorate, Dinitrogen Tetroxide, Chlorine Dioxide.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal Decomposition : Oxides of carbon, Unstable peroxides, Aldehydes, Formaldehyde, Methanol, Acetic Acid.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Part No. 14824Z (Aerosol)

Print Date: 1/22/2018 Revision Date: 1/22/2018 Supersedes Date: 1/3/2018 Issue Date: 8/13/2013 Version: 4.0 (EN)-US

Page: 7/11

Rust Encapsulator White

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Propane (CAS: 74-98-6 / EC: 200-827-9)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	658 mg/l/4h (Lit.)	
, ,		
Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha (CAS: 64742-95-6 /		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	8400 mg/kg (RTECS)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 3160 mg/kg (ChemInfo)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	3670 ppm/4h (Lit.)	
Barium Sulfate (CAS: 7727-43-7 / EC: 231-784-4)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Lit.)	
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride (CAS: 98-56-6 / EC: 202-68	1-1)	
LD50 Oral (Rat)	13000 mg/kg (Hazardous Substances Data Bank)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	3300 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	33 mg/l/4h (Hazardous Substances Data Bank)	
Asstone (CAS: 67 64 1 / FC: 300 662 3)		
Acetone (CAS: 67-64-1 / EC: 200-662-2)	E000 ma/ka/Ciama Aldrich)	
LD50 Oral (Rat)	5800 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit) LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	20000 mg/kg (IUCLID) 76 mg/l/4h (GESTIS Substance Database)	
EC30 Illitation (Nat)	70 mg/i/4n (GESTIS Substance Database)	
N-Hexane (CAS: 110-54-3 / EC: 203-777-6)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	29700 mg/kg (RTECS)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 3350 mg/kg body weight (ChemInfo)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	38500 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)	
Titanium Dioxide (CAS: 13463-67-7 / EC: 236-675-5)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	> 25000 mg/kg (ChemInfo)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 10000 mg/kg (ChemInfo)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	> 6.8 mg/l/4h (Sigma-Aldrich)	
Mineral Spirits (CAS: 64742-88-7 / EC: 265-191-7)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Lit.)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 3000 mg/kg (Lit.)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	5500 ppm/4h (Lit.)	
Aluminum Hydroxide (CAS: 21645-51-2 / EC: 244-49	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 423: Acute Oral Toxicity – Acute Toxic Class Method, Rat, Female,	
LD50 Oral (Rat)	Experimental value)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	> 2.3 mg/l air (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Male/female, Read-across)	
_		
Routes Of Exposure	: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Skin Contact, Inhalation, Skin Absorption.	
Delayed and Immediate Effects and Also Chronic	: See Section 4.2	
Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure	Courses aline institution	
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Eye Damage/Irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	Not classified	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	: Not classified	
Reproductive Toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	
STOT-Single Exposure	: Not classified	
STOT-Repeated Exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration Hazard	: Not classified	
Vaporizer	: Aerosol	
Carcinogen Data	: The following ingredients are listed as known or suspected carcinogens:	
	Titanium Dioxide (CAS: 13463-67-7 / EC: 236-675-5)	
	IARC group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans	

Part No. 14824Z (Aerosol)

Print Date: 1/22/2018 Revision Date: 1/22/2018 Supersedes Date: 1/3/2018 Issue Date: 8/13/2013 Version: 4.0 (EN)-US

Page: 8/11

Rust Encapsulator White

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1	Ecotoxicity and	a LLUIUEILAI	riubei lies

Propane (74-98-6)	
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water. Not applicable (gas). Photodegradation in the air.
BCF Fish	9 - 25 (BCF)
Log Pow	2.28 (Calculated)
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha (64742-95-6)	

Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha (64742-95-6)	
LC50 Fish	18 mg/l (LC50)
EC50 Daphnia	21 mg/l (EC50)
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water.
Log Pow	>3

Barium Sulfate (7727-43-7)	
EC50 Daphnia	32 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	Not applicable
Chemical Oxygen Demand	Not applicable
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	Not applicable
BCF Fish	68.4 (BCF; Lepomis macrochirus)
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride (98-56-6)		
LC50 Fish	5.6 mg/l Bluegill Sunfish - 96h	
LC50 Fish	13.5 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 24hr	
EC50 Daphnia	3.68 mg/l (EC50; 48 h)	
Persistence and Degradibility	Biodegradability in water: no data available.	
Log Pow	3.6	
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	

Acetone (67-64-1)	
LC50 Fish	5540 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr
LC50 Fish	8300 mg/l Bluegill Sunfish - 96h
EC50 Daphnia	8800 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
Persistence and Degradibility	Biodegradability 90% / 28 days.
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	1.43 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical Oxygen Demand	1.92 g O ₂ /g substance
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	$2.2 \text{ g } O_2/\text{g substance}$
BCF Fish	0.69
BCF Other Aquatic Organisms	3
Log Pow	-0.24

n-Hexane (110-54-3)	
LC50 Fish	2.5 mg/l Fathead Minnow - 96h
EC50 Daphnia	3878 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	$3.52 \text{ g } O_2/\text{g substance}$
BCF Fish	501.187 (BCF; Other; Pimephales promelas)
Log Pow	3.9
Bioacculative Potential	Potential for bioaccumulation (500 \leq BCF \leq 5000).
Log Koc	2.17

Titanium Dioxide (13463-67-7)	
LC50 Fish	> 1000 mg/l Golden Orfe - 96hr
EC50 Daphnia	> 100 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
Persistence and Degradibility	Biodegradability: not applicable. Low potential for mobility in soil.
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	Not applicable
Chemical Oxygen Demand	Not applicable
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	Not applicable
Bioacculative Potential	Not bioaccumulative.

Part No. 14824Z (Aerosol)

Print Date: 1/22/2018 Revision Date: 1/22/2018 Supersedes Date: 1/3/2018 Issue Date: 8/13/2013

Version: 4.0 (EN)-US Page: 9/11

Rust Encapsulator White

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Mineral Spirits (64742-88-7)	
LC50 Fish	500 mg/l 96hr
EC50 Daphnia	> 100 mg/l 48hr
Chemical Oxygen Demand	0.47 mg/g
Log Pow	3.3
Bioacculative Potential	No bioaccumulation data available.

Aluminum Hydroxide (21645-51-2)		
LC50 Fish	> 10000 mg/l (96 h, Pisces, Literature study)	
EC50 Daphnia	> 10000 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia magna, Literature study)	
Persistence and Degradibility	Biodegradability: not applicable.	
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	Not applicable (inorganic)	
Chemical Oxygen Demand	Not applicable (inorganic)	
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	Not applicable (inorganic)	
Bioacculative Potential	Not bioaccumulative.	

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal : Characteristics and waste stream classification can change with product use and location. It is the

responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment, and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition. All waste must be disposed of in

compliance with the respective national, federal, state, and/or local regulations.

Waste Disposal Of Packaging : In the United States, an aerosol container that does not contain a significant amount of liquid would meet the definition of scrap metal (40 CFR 261.1(c)(6)), and would be exempt from RCRA regulation under 40 CFR

261.6(a)(3)(iv) if it is to be recycled. If containers are to be disposed of (not recycled) it must be managed under all applicable RCRA and state regulations.

Landfill Precautions : Not Available.

Incineration Precautions : ** DO NOT INCINERATE ** CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE **.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

14.1	UN Number		DOT (USA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
UN Nun	nber	:	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2	UN Proper Shipping Name		DOT (USA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
UN Prop	per Shipping Name	:	Aerosols, Limited Quantity	Aerosols, Flammable, Limited Quantity	Aerosols, Limited Quantity
14.3	Transport Hazard Class(es)		DOT (USA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
Transpo	rt Hazard Class(es)	:	2.1	2.1	2.1
Labels		:	None	2.1 - Flammable gas	None







EmS Code : Not Applicable Not Applicable F-D, S-U

14.4 Packing Group		DOT (USA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
Packing Group	:	None	None	None
14.5 Environmental Hazards		DOT (USA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)

Marine Pollutant : No No No No

Part No. 14824Z (Aerosol)

Print Date: 1/22/2018 Revision Date: 1/22/2018 Supersedes Date: 1/3/2018 Issue Date: 8/13/2013 Version: 4.0 (EN)-US

Version: 4.0 (EN)-US Page: 10/11

Rust Encapsulator White

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

14.6 Special Precautions

Precautions : None Identified

14.7 Transport in Bulk

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Federal Regulations

SARA Section 313

: Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

. , , ,		
Xylene	CAS-No. 1330-20-7	< 1%
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	CAS-No. 108-10-1	< 1%
Ethyl Benzene	CAS-No. 100-41-4	< 1%
1,2,4-Trimethyl Benzene	CAS-No. 95-63-6	< 1%
Cumene	CAS-No. 98-82-8	< 1%
n-Hexane	CAS-No. 110-54-3	5 - 10%

TSCA Section 12(b)

: This product or mixture is not known to contain a chemical or chemicals subject to the export notification requirements of section 12(b) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) and 40 CFR Part 707, subpart D

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

: Chemical(s) subject to reporting requirements of Section 102 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) if released to the environment at or above the reportable quantity

Xylene	CAS-No. 1330-20-7	100 lb
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	CAS-No. 108-10-1	5000 lb
Ethyl Benzene	CAS-No. 100-41-4	1000 lb
Cumene	CAS-No. 98-82-8	5000 lb
Acetone	CAS-No. 67-64-1	5000 lb
n-Hexane	CAS-No. 110-54-3	5000 lb

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes

: Fire hazard, Sudden release of pressure hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard.

TSCA Inventory (United States)

: All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

15.2 State Regulations

California Proposition 65

: This product contains chemcials known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (108-10-1)	Cancer	Yes	0.0521 %
Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)	Cancer	Yes	0.0347 %
Cumene (98-82-8)	Cancer	Yes	0.0306 %
Quartz (14808-60-7)	Cancer	Yes	0.0237 %
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (108-10-1)	Developmental Toxicity	Yes	0.0521 %
n-Hexane (110-54-3)	Reproductive Toxicity, Male	Yes	5.8043 %
Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)	No significance risk level (NSRL)	54 μg/day	

State Right-to-Know Lists

 $: \ \, \textit{The following chemical(s) appear on one or more state RTK (\textit{Right to Know}) lists as indicated} \\$

Propane (74-98-6)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
<i>Xylene</i> (1330-20-7)	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (108-10-1)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

Part No. 14824Z (Aerosol)

Print Date: 1/22/2018 Revision Date: 1/22/2018 Supersedes Date: 1/3/2018 Issue Date: 8/13/2013

Version: 4.0 (EN)-US Page: 11/11

Rust Encapsulator White

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

	U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Methyl n-Propyl Ketone (107-87-9)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
1,2,4-Trimethyl Benzene (95-63-6)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
Cumene (98-82-8)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Quartz (14808-60-7)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
Zinc Oxide (1314-13-2)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
Barium Sulfate (7727-43-7)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
Precipitated Silica (112926-00-8)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
Nonane (111-84-2)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
2-Ethylhexanoic Acid (149-57-5)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
Acetone (67-64-1)	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Epoxidized Soybean Oil (8013-07-8)	U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
n-Hexane (110-54-3)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Titanium Dioxide (13463-67-7)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
Precipitated Silica (112926-00-8)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Indication of changes

Section	Changed item	Change
1	Supersedes	Modified
1	Revision date	Modified
1	Date of issue	Modified
3	Composition/Information on ingredients	Modified

Full Text of H-Statements

H Code	H Phrase
H220	Extremely flammable gas
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
Н336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

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