

Diamond Clear Gloss Finish for Painted Surfaces and Bare Metal

Part No. 16105Z Aerosol

Supplier Details

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SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product Identifier

Product Name : Diamond Clear Gloss Finish for Painted Surfaces and Bare

Manufacturer Product NumberMetal: 16105ZSupplier Product Numbers: 16105

1.2 Other Means Of Identification

Other Identifiers : Not Available

1.3 Relevant Identified Uses Of The Substance Or Mixture And Uses Advised Against

Recommended Use : Top coat used to protect and preserve painted surfaces

Restrictions On Use : None Identified

1.4 Supplier Details

Company Name

The Easthill Group, Inc./The Eastwood Company

Address 263 Shoemaker Road, Pottstown, PA 19464 - United States

 Phone Number
 610-705-5422

 Fax Number
 610-323-6268

Email Website

1.5 24 Hr Emergency Phone Number

Emergency Number : 800-424-9300 (Chem-Trec)

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification Of The Substance Or Mixture

Flammable Aerosols, Category 1 : Extremely flammable aerosol

Gases Under Pressure : Dissolved Gas : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Category 2a : Causes serious eye irritation

Sensitisation — Skin, Category 1 : May cause an allergic skin reaction

Carcinogenicity, Category 2 : Suspected of causing cancer

 ${\bf Specific\ Target\ Organ\ Toxicity-Single\ Exposure,}$

Category 3, Narcosis

: May cause drowsiness or dizziness

2.2 Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms







GHS

GHS08

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May cause an allergic

skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing

cancer.

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Preautionary Statements

: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing spray. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves and eye protection. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call physician if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Dispose of contents/container to local regulations.

2.3 Other Hazards Which Do Not Result In Classification

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified : None Identified.

2.4 Unknown Acute Toxicity

33.15% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral)
33.15% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)
14.65% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Vapours))

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance

Not Applicable

3.2 Mixture

Ingredient	Cas Number	%	Classification*
Propane	74-98-6	10 - 30	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Dissolved gas, H280
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Acetone	67-64-1	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
T-Butyl Acetate	540-88-5	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332
Vm&P Naphtha	64742-89-8	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Ethyl Benzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401

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Ingredient	Cas Number	%	Classification*
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	0.1 - 1	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351

^{*}Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4 - FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description Of First-Aid Measures

General Measures : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye Contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact : Wash skin with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get

medical advice/attention.

Ingestion : Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

Inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

First-Aid Responder Protection: Wear adequate personal protective equipment based on the nature and severity of the emergency.

4.2 Most Important Symptoms And Effects, Both Acute And Delayed

Eye Contact : Eye irritation.

Skin Contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Due to being an aerosol, the product does not lend itself to ingestion. Should ingestion occur, it may

cause irritation to membranes of the mouth, thorat, and gastrointestinal tract resulting in vomiting and/or cramps. Aspriation of vomit into the lungs may cause inflammation, and possible chemical

pneumonitis, bronchopneumonia, or pulmonary edema.

Inhalation : Prolonged or repeated overexposure is anesthetic. May cause irritation of the respiratory tract, or acute

nervous system depression characterized by headache, dizziness, staggering gait, confusion or death.

Irritation of the mucous membranes, coughing, and dyspnea are also possible.

4.3 Indication Of Immediate Medical Attention And Special Treatment

 Notes To Physician
 : Treat symptomatically.

 Specific Treatments/Antidotes
 : No Information Available.

 Immediate Medical Attention
 : No Information Available.

SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Suitable Extinguishing Media

Extinguishing Media : Water, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, universal aqueous film forming foam.

Unsuitable Media : Water jet.

5.2 Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical Or Mixture

Decomposition Products : Decomposition products may include: oxides of carbon, smoke, vapors.

Hazards From The Product : Extremely flammable. Contents under pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur

which may result in container bursting. Vapors heavier than air may spread along the ground and travel

to ignition an source.

5.3 Special Protective Actions For Fire-Fighters

Protective Actions : Use water spray to cool fire exposed aerosol containers, as contents can rupture violently from heat

developed pressure.

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Protective Equipment

: Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus with full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment And Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel : No action should be taken involving any personnel without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spill.

Remove ignition sources and provide adequate ventilation only if it is safe to do so.

For Emergency Responders : Use personal protection as recommended in Section 8. Observe precautions provided for non-emergency

personnel above.

6.2 Environmental Precautions

Precautions : Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches, and waterways. Minimize use of water to prevent environmental

contamination.

6.3 Methods And Materials For Containment And Cleaning Up

Containment Procedures : Product is an aerosol, therefore spills and leaks are unlikely. In case of rupture, released content may be

contained with oil/solvent absorbent pads, socks, and/or absorbents.

 Cleanup Procedures
 : Spills from aerosol cans are unlikely and are generally of small volume. Large spills are therefore not

normally considered a problem. In case of actual rupture, avoid breathing vapors and ventilate area well. Remove sources of ignition and use non-sparking equipment. Soak up material with inert

absorbent and place in safety containers for proper disposal.

 Other Information
 : Aerosol products represent a limited hazard and will not spill or leak unless ruptured. In case of rupture

contents are generally evacuated from the can rapidly. Area should be ventilated immediately and continuous ventilation provided until all fumes and vapors have been removed. Aerosol cans should

never be incinerated or burned.

Prohibited Materials : Combustible absorbent material such as sawdust. Use of equipment that may cause sparking.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions For Safe Handling

General Handling Precautions : KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Avoid breathing of

vapors. Do not incinerate (burn) containers. Always replace overcap when not in use. Avoid use around open flames or other sources of ignition. Exposure to heat or prolonged exposure to sun may cause can to burst. Use only with adequate ventilation, opening doors or windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

Hygiene Recommendations : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after use. Remove

contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating or smoking areas.

7.2 Conditions For Safe Storage Including Any Incompatibilities

Storage Requirements : Storage of individual cans should be done in an area below 55°C (120°F), and away from heat sources.

Ensure can is in a secure place to prevent knocking over and accidental rupture. For storage of pallet quantities, compliance with NFPA 30B (Manufacture and Storage of Aerosol Products) is recommended.

Incompatibilities : Segregate storage away from materials indicated in Section 10.

NFPA 30B Classification : This product is classified as a Level 3 Aerosol per NFPA 30B.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters

Propane (74-98-6)			
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1800 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm	
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	2100 ppm	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1800 mg/m³	

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Propane (74-98-6)		
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	1800 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	300 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	590 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	3000 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	590 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	590 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	885 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	300 ppm
BEI	MEK in Urine, End of shift	2 mg/l
t-Butyl Acetate (540-88-5)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	950 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	1500 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	950 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	950 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
Acetone (67-64-1)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	250 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	500 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2400 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	2500 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	250 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	1200 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	1780 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	750 ppm
California	California PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	3000 ppm
BEI	Acetone in urine, End of shift (Ns)	25 mg/l
VM&P Naphtha (64742-89-8)		
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2000 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	1350 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	300 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	1800 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	400 ppm
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Xylene (1330-20-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	435 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	655 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	150 ppm
California	California PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	300 ppm
Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	800 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	545 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	125 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	22 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	5 ppm
•		
Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6) ACGIH		400
	ACGIH TWA (ppm) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	400 ppm 1400 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	400 ppm
OSHA	US IDLH (ppm)	2000 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	400 ppm
NIOSH	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	1400 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	400 ng/m
California		400 ppiii
Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	610 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	3100 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	610 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	760 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ррт
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	610 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ррт
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	760 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ррт
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)	
AIHA	WEEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm

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8.2 Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures : Use only with adequate ventilation. General ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. Local exhaust ventilation or an enclosed

handling system may be necessary to control air contamination below that of the lowest OEL from the

table above.

Respiratory Protection: An approved respirator with an organic vapor cartridge may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed occupational exposure limits. If respirators are

needed, in the United States compliance with OSHA standard 29 CFR 1910.134 is necessary.

Skin Protection : For brief contact, no precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed. When

 $prolonged\ or\ repeated\ contact\ could\ occur,\ use\ protective\ clothing\ impervious\ to\ the\ ingredients\ listed$

in Section 2.

Eye/Face Protection : Safety glasses with side shields are recommended as a minimum for any type of industrial chemical

handling. Where eye contact with this material could occur, chemical splash proof goggles are

Decomposition Temperature

Not Available

recommended.

Other Protective Equipment : Safety showers and eye-wash stations should be available in the workplace near where the material will

be used.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Clear, Colorless

9.1 Physical Properties

Boiling Point Melting / Freezing Point > 56.10 ℃ > -98.10 °C Flash Point, Liquid > -17.00 °C Flash Point, Propellant -104.40 ℃ **Explosive Limits** LEL: 0.70 UEL: 16.00 vol % Autoignition Temperature, Liquid 229.40 °C Extremely Flammable Aerosol Flammability Density 0.730 g/cm3 **Molecular Weight** Not Available Weight 6.092 lbs/gal Vapor Pressure Not Available рН Not Available Not Available Evaporation Rate (nBAc=1) Not Available **Vapor Density** Viscosity Not Available **Partition Coefficient** Not Available **Refractive Index Odor Threshold** Not Available Not Available **Physical Form** Pressurized Product **Heat Of Combustion** Not Available Slight Not Available Odor Water Solubility

9.2 Environmental Properties

Percent Volatile 91.03 % wt **VOC Regulatory** 688.40 g/L (5.74 lbs/gal) Percent VOC 59.24 % wt **VOC Actual** 432.42 g/L (3.61 lbs/gal) Percent HAP **HAP Content** 125.63 g/L (1.05 lbs/gal) 17.21 % wt **Global Warming Potential** 0.89 GWP **Maximum Incremental Reactivity** 0.7340 g O3/g

Ozone Depletion Potential 0.00 ODP

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Appearance / Color

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity is available for this products or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical Stability

Stability : This product is stable.

10.3 Possibility Of Hazardous Reactions

Reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions are not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions To Avoid

Conditions : Electrostatic Discharge, Other Ignition Sources, Hot Surfaces, Heat, Flames, Sparks.

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10.5 Incompatible Materials

 Incompatibilities
 : Strong Oxidizing Agents, Strong Acids, Potassium t-Butoxide, Hydrogen Peroxide.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products

Products : Oxides of carbon, Aldehydes, Methanol, Acetic Acid.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1.1 Information On Toxicological Effects			
Propane (74-98-6)			
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	658 mg/l/4h (Lit.)		
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)			
LD50 Oral (Rat)	2737 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	6480 mg/kg (RTECS)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	205 mg/l/4h (Cheminfo)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	30200 ppm/4h (Cheminfo)		
t-Butyl Acetate (540-88-5)			
LD50 Oral (Rat)	4500 mg/kg (RTECS)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 2000 mg/kg (RTECS)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	13.3 mg/l/4h (Cheminfo)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	5160 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)		
Acetone (67-64-1)			
LD50 Oral (Rat)	5800 mg/kg (ECHA)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	20000 mg/kg (IUCLID)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	76 mg/l/4h (Lit.)		
VM&P Naphtha (64742-89-8)			
LD50 Oral (Rat)	> 8000 mg/kg (Lit.)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 2000 mg/kg (External SDS)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	> 20 mg/l/4h (External SDS)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	3400 ppm/4h (Lit.)		
Xylene (1330-20-7)			
LD50 Oral (Rat)	4300 mg/kg (RTECS)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	12126 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	6350 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)		
Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)			
LD50 Oral (Rat)	4720 mg/kg (ChemInfo)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	15380 mg/kg (ChemInfo)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	17.2 mg/l/4h (IUCLID)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	4000 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)		
Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6)			
LD50 Oral (Rat)	5620 mg/kg (RTECS)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 18000 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	200 q/m³ (RTECS)		
Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)			
LD50 Oral (Rat)	6970 mg/kg (Lit.)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 5000 mg/kg (RTECS)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	16000 - 32000 (Cheminfo)		
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)			
LD50 Oral (Rat)	> 930 mg/kg (RTECS)		
LD50 Dermal (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (RTECS)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 1000 mg/kg bodyweight (RTECS)		

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Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)

LC50 Inhalation (Rat) 20 mg/l/4h (Lit.)

11.1.2 Health Hazard Classification

Skin Corrosion/Irritation : Not classified

 Eye Damage/Irritation
 : Causes serious eye irritation.

 Respiratory Or Skin Sensitization
 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity : Not classified **Reproductive Toxicity** : Not classified

Stot-Single Exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Stot-Repeated Exposure: Not classifiedAspiration Hazard: Not classified

Carcinogen Data : The following ingredients are listed as known or suspected carcinogens:

Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)		
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans	
ACGIH Category	A3 - Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans	

11.1.3 Information On The Likely Routes Of Exposure

Routes Of Exposure : Eye Contact, Ingestion, Skin Contact, Inhalation.

11.1.4 Symptoms Related To The Physical, Chemical And Toxicological Characteristics

Symptoms of Exposure : Eye Irritation, Nose Irritation, Throat Irritation, Dermatitis, Confusion, Skin Irritation, Headache,

Dizziness, Nausea, Narcosis, Upper Respiratory Tract Irritation, Drowsiness, Vomiting, Optical Nerve

Damage, Cough, Chest Tightness.

11.1.5 Delayed And Immediate Effects And Also Chronic Effects From Short And Long Term Exposure

 Delayed Effects
 : No known delayed effects.

 Immediate Effects
 : No known immediate effects.

 Chronic Effects
 : No chronic effects identified.

Target Organs : Central Nervous System, Eyes, Respiratory System, Skin.

Medical Conditions Aggravated : None identified.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Ecotoxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in

the environment.

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)					
LC50 fish 1	3130 - 3320 mg/l Fathead Minnow - 96h				
EC50 Daphnia 1	7060 mg/l Water Flea - 24hr				
t-Butyl Acetate (540-88-5)	t-Butyl Acetate (540-88-5)				
LC50 fish 1	240 mg/kg Rainbow Trout - 96hr				
EC50 Daphnia 1 350 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr					
Acetone (67-64-1)					
LC50 fish 1	5540 mg/l 96h, Rainbow Trout (Lit.)				
EC50 Daphnia 1	12600 mg/l 48h, Water Flea (Lit.)				
Xylene (1330-20-7)					
LC50 fish 1	3.3 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr				
EC50 Daphnia 1	75.49 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr				
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	72 mg/l Green Algae - 14d				

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4.2 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr

Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)

LC50 fish 1

2.4 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr	
2.4 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr	
9.68 mg/l Bacteria - 30min	
4.6 mg/l Green Algae - 72hr	
450 - 600 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr	
220 - 250 mg/l Fathead Minnow - 96h	
560 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr	
2300 - 3090 mg/l Water Flea - 24hr	
4300 mg/l Green Algae - 24hr	
250 - 350 mg/l Zebra Fish - 96hr	
1026.7 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr	
Readily biodegradable in water. Not applicable (gas). Photodegradation in the air.	
9 - 25 (BCF)	
2.28 (Calculated)	
Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	
Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic	
conditions.	
2.03 q O₂/q substance	
2.31 g O₂/g substance	
2.44 g O₂/g substance	
> 0.5 (5 days; Literature study)	
0.3 (Experimental value; OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method; 40 °C)	
Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	
Koc,34; Calculated value	
Slightly harmful to plants.	
1 2 27 - 37 - 27 - 27	
Biodegradability 50% / 28 days.	
6.6 (BCF)	
1.76	
Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	
Biodegradability 90% / 28 days.	
1.43 g O₂/g substance	
1.92 g O₂/g substance	
2.20 g O ₂ /g substance	
0.872 (20 days; Literature study)	
0.69 (BCF)	
3 (BCF; BCFWIN)	
-0.24 (Test data)	
Not bioaccumulative.	
Biodegradability 94% / 28 days.	
Biodegradability 94% / 28 days. 2.1	
2.1	
Readily biodegradable in water.	
Readily biodegradable in water. 1.40 - 2.53 g O ₂ /g substance	
2.1 Readily biodegradable in water. 1.40 - 2.53 g O ₂ /g substance 2.56 - 2.91 g O ₂ /g substance	
2.1 Readily biodegradable in water. 1.40 - 2.53 g O ₂ /g substance 2.56 - 2.91 g O ₂ /g substance 3.1 g O ₂ /g substance	
2.1 Readily biodegradable in water. 1.40 - 2.53 g O ₂ /g substance 2.56 - 2.91 g O ₂ /g substance	

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Xylene (1330-20-7)			
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).		
Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)			
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for adsorption in soil.		
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.44 g O₂/g substance (20d.)		
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.1 g O₂/g substance		
ThOD	3.17 g O₂/g substance		
BOD (% of ThOD)	45.4 (20 days)		
BCF fish 1	1 (BCF; Other; 6 weeks; Oncorhynchus kisutch; Flow-through system; Salt water; Literature study)		
BCF fish 2	15 - 79 (BCF)		
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	4.68 (BCF)		
Log Pow	3.15 (Experimental value; 3.6; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 20 °C)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).		
Log Koc	log Koc, PCKOCWIN v1.66; 2.71; Calculated value; Koc; PCKOCWIN v1.66; 517.8; Calculated value		
Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6)			
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability 100% / 28 days.		
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.293 g O ₂ /g substance		
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.69 g O₂/g substance		
ThOD	1.82 g O₂/g substance		
BCF fish 1	30		
Log Pow	0.73		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).		
Log Koc 0.778			
Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)			
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability 70% / 28 days.		
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1511.8 mg/g		
ThOD	1510 mg/g		
BCF fish 1	< 1 (BCF)		
Log Pow	0.18		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).		
Log Koc	0.68		
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (96-29-7)			
BCF fish 1	0.5-5.8,BCF; OECD 305: Bioconcentration: Flow-Through Fish Test; 42 days; Cyprinus carpio; Fresh water; Experimental value		
Log Pow	0.63 (Experimental value; OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).		

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal : Characteristics and waste stream classification can change with product use and location. It is the

responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment, and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition. All waste must be disposed of

in compliance with the respective national, federal, state, and/or local regulations.

Waste Disposal Of Packaging : In the United States, an aerosol container that does not contain a significant amount of liquid would meet the definition of scrap metal (40 CFR 261.1(c)(6)), and would be exempt from RCRA regulation

meet the definition of scrap metal (40 CFR 261.1(c)(6)), and would be exempt from RCRA regulation under 40 CFR 261.6(a)(3)(iv) if it is to be recycled. If containers are to be disposed of (not recycled) it

must be managed under all applicable RCRA and state regulations.

Landfill Precautions : Not Available.

Incineration Precautions : ** DO NOT INCINERATE ** CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE **.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Transportation Information	Ground Transportation (DOT)	Air Transportation (IATA)	Ocean Transportation (IMDG)
Identification Number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
Proper Shipping Name	Aerosols, Limited Quantity	Aerosols, Flammable, Limited Quantity	Aerosols, Limited Quantity

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Hazard Class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packaging Group	None	None	None
Limited Quantity	Yes	Yes	Yes
Marine Pollutant	No	No	No
Hazard Labels		2.1 - Flammable gas	

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Federal Regulations

TSCA Inventory

: All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

SARA 313 Reporting

: Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Xylene	CAS No 1330-20-7	1 - 5%
Ethyl Benzene	CAS No 100-41-4	< 1%

Applicable Federal Regulations

: One or more ingredients are regulated by other Federal Regulations.

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
t-Butyl Acetate (540-88-5)	

Acetone (67-64-1)	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb
CWA Reportable Quantity	100 lb
RCRA Code	U239

Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb
CWA Reportable Quantity	1000 lb
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard, Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard.

Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6)	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb

15.2 State Regulations

California Proposition 65

: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ethyl	Benzene (100-41-4)	
Cance	er	Yes
Non-s	significant risk level (NSRL)	54

State Right-to-Know Lists

: The following ingredients appear on one or more state Right-to-Know lists.

Propane (74-98-6)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

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Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

t-Butyl Acetate (540-88-5)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Acetone (67-64-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Xylene (1330-20-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

SDS Compliance

- : This SDS complies with the below listed regulations only. For SDS that comply with other countries, please contact our Regulatory Department.
 - OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS 2012) 29 CFR 1910.1200 Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS) Revision 3

Disclaimer Of Liability

: The information contained herein is based upon data provided to us by our suppliers, and reflects our best judgement. However, no warranty of merchantability, fitness for any use, or any other warranty or guarantee is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of such data, or the results to be obtained from use thereof. Since the information contained herein may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of such application. This information is furnished upon the condition that the persons receiving it shall make their own determinations of the suitability of the material for any particular use. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot quarantee these are the only hazards that exist

Full text of H-statements

H Code H Phrase H220 Extremely flammable gas H222 Extremely flammable aerosol H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour H227 Combustible liquid H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H312 Harmful in contact with skin H315 Causes skin irritation H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 Causes serious eye damage H319 Causes serious eye irritation H332 Harmful if inhaled

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Н336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	
H351	Suspected of causing cancer	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	
H401	Toxic to aquatic life	