

DATE ISSUED:	6/15/2020
Version No.:	23133-1

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Eastwood OPTIFLOW Urethane Primer Activator

PRODUCT CODE: 23133zp

PRODUCT USE: FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

**MANUFACTURED FOR:** 

The Easthill Group dba The Eastwood Company 263 Shoemaker Road, Pottstown, PA 19464

USA: 1-800-343-9353 or (610) 323-2200 CANADA: 1-800-820-9042

#### 24 HR. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:

Only in the Event of a Chemical Emergency Involving A Spill, Leaks, Fire, or Exposure

Call Chemtrec Toll Free Day or Night: 1-800-424-9300 International Call Collect: (202) 483-7616

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

#### **CLASSIFICATION:**

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS: Category 3
SKIN SENSITIZER: Category 1
SKIN IRRITATION: Category 2
EYE IRRITATION: Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY: SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY: REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

# **GHS label elements**

# **PICTOGRAMS**



# **SIGNAL WORD: Warning**

**HAZARD STATEMENTS:** Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin and serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

# **PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:**

**PREVENTION:** Read all warning statements on all labels for this and any other products to be mixed with it prior to use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting, and other tools or equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust, fumes, gas, mist, vapors or spray. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Use personal protective equipment as required, (see Section 8). Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye/face protection. Wear an appropriate, properly fitted fresh air supplied respirator (NIOSH-approved TC19 or equivalent) during and after application, and until all organic solvent vapors and spray mists are exhausted, or any time airborne contaminant levels exceed exposure limits indicated in Section 8.

**RESPONSE:** IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash with plenty of water. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Rinse skin with plenty of water or shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do, continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. Call a POISON CENTER, doctor or physician if you feel unwell.

If medical advice is needed, have product container/label and Safety Data Sheet at hand.

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish, do not use water, (see Section 5).

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**STORAGE:** Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.

**DISPOSAL:** Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Range % by Wt
PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDE	98-56-6	25 - 50 %
HOMOPOLYMER OF HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE	28182-81-2	25 - 50 %
4-HYDROXY-4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	123-42-2	10 - 25 %
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	112-07-2	2.5 - 10 %
N-BUTYL ACETATE	123-86-4	1.0 - 2.5 %
1,2,4 TRIMETHYLBENZENE	95-63-6	1.0 - 2.5 %
LIGHT AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA	64742-95-6	1.0 - 2.5 %
XYLENE	1330-20-7	0.1 - 1.0 %

# **4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

**EYES:** In case of contact, remove contact lenses if worn. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting and lowering upper lids. Seek immediate medical attention.

**SKIN:** Immediately flush exposed area with large amounts of water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing separately and clean shoes before reuse.

**INGESTION:** Seek immediate medical attention, contact physician or poison control center. Do NOT induce vomiting. Do not give liquids. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**INHALATION:** Seek immediate medical attention. Remove from exposure to fresh air. If not breathing or if breathing is irregular, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel; rescuers should put on appropriate protective gear. To prevent aspiration, keep head below knees.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: Refer to Section 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Alcohol-resistant Foam. Do not use water, material will float and may ignite on surface of water.

**FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Fight as volatile liquid fire. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Do not use water. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. Use water spray to cool containers with caution, avoid spreading burning liquid. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Dike and collect water used to fight fire.

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD:** Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors/dust may cause flash fire or explosion. This material may be ignited by heat, sparks, flame or static electricity. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Empty containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite explosively. Do not reuse container.

#### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:** Avoid runoff and contact with soil, drains, sewers and waterways. Contact appropriate authority is spill is in excess of reportable quantity.

**PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:** Eliminate all ignition sources. No smoking, do not use flares. Contact emergency personnel. Evacuate the spill area and keep unnecessary, unprotected personnel away. Do not breathe vapors, use suitable personal protective equipment. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Prevent additional discharge of material if able to do so safely. Ventilate spill area.

**METHOD OF CLEANING UP:** Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Recover by pumping (use an explosion proof or hand pump). Pump any free liquid into a closed but not sealed container to allow for the escape of any CO2 that forms. Sealing the container may lead to rupture as any contaminated isocyanate reacts. For large spills, dike spilled material, or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway.

Dispose of spilled material and contaminated absorbent material in compliance with local and national regulations, use a licensed waste disposal contractor, see Section 13.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING:** Use only in a well ventilated area, with appropriate personal protective equipment, (see section 8). Do not eat, drink or smoke when handling this material. Wash hands and face before eating, drinking or smoking. Do not breathe vapor, fumes or mist. Do not get in eyes, or on skin, or clothing.

Always open containers slowly to allow any excess pressure to vent. Containers should be grounded when pouring. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. When transferring, follow proper grounding procedures. Use spark-proof tools and explosion proof equipment.

This material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for all components before mixing, as the mixture will have the hazards of all of its parts. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING INCOMPATIBILITIES:** Store in accordance with local regulations. Store locked up. Keep container closed when not in use. Isolate from heat, flame, sparks, pilot lights, smoking materials and other sources of ignition. Containers can build up pressure if exposed to heat (fire). Store containers in a cool, well ventilated, explosion proof area. Protect from direct sunlight. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND PETS AT ALL TIMES.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS\PERSONAL PROTECTION

Chemical Name	<b>CAS Number</b>	Exposure Limits
PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDE	98-56-6	Data not available
HOMOPOLYMER OF HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE	28182-81-2	Data not available
4-HYDROXY-4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	123-42-2	ACGIH TWA 50 PPM OSHA PEL TWA 50 PPM
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	112-07-2	ACGIH TWA 20 PPM
N-BUTYL ACETATE	123-86-4	ACGIH TWA 150 PPM OSHA PEL TWA 150 PPM
LIGHT AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	64742-95-6	Data not available
1,2,4 TRIMETHYLBENZENE	95-63-6	ACGIH TWA 25 PPM OSHA PEL TWA 25 PPM
XYLENE	1330-20-7	ACGIH TWA 100 PPM OSHA PEL TWA 100 PPM

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Provide explosion proof exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective occupational exposure limits.

# PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYES AND FACE: Use chemical splash goggles and face shield (ANSI Z87.1 or approved equivalent).

**SKIN:** Wear impervious gloves to prevent contact with the skin. Where contact is likely, wear chemical resistant gloves, a chemical suit, long sleeves, rubber boots, and chemical safety goggles plus a face shield.

**RESPIRATORY:** Wear an appropriate, properly fitted fresh-air supplied respirator, (NIOSH-approved TC-19C or equivalent), during and after application, until all organic vapors and spray mists are exhausted or any time airborne contaminate levels exceed exposure limits. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions and observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 cfr 1910.134).

**WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES:** Do not eat, drink, or smoke in areas where this material is used. Avoid breathing vapors. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid COLOR: Clear liquid ODOR: Typical

**ODOR THRESHOLD:** Not available

pH: Not available

MELTING POINT: Not applicable BOILING RANGE: 220 - 374°F

FLASH POINT AND METHOD: 110°F TCC EVAPORATION RATE: Not available

FLAMMABILITY (Solid/Gas): Not applicable EXPLOSIVE LIMITS, (vol %): 0.9 – 8.5 VAPOR PRESSURE: Not available

VAPOR DENSITY: Not available DENSITY (g/cm<sup>3</sup>): 1.172

% SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Not available

OCTANOL/WATER PARTITION COEFFICIENT: Not available

AUTO-IGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not available DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE: Not available

VOLATILE WEIGHT: 71.68 VOLATILE VOLUME: 71.75 EXEMPT V.O.C. WT %: 45.0 EXEMPT V.O.C. VOL %: 38.43

**REGULATORY V.O.C. g/l:** 499.5 (4.17 lbs/gallon) **ACTUAL V.O.C. g/l:** 307.6 (2.57 lbs/gallon)

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#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### **HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:** Not determined

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid impact or friction. Keep away from heat, sparks, flames, and other sources of ignition. Do not smoke; extinguish all flames and pilot lights. Turn off stoves, heaters, electrical motors, tools, appliances and any other possible sources of ignition prior to spray application, during use and until all vapors are exhausted from the area.

CHEMICAL STABILITY: Not determined

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Toxic gases/fumes are given off during burning or thermal decomposition. During combustion carbon monoxide may be formed. During combustion carbon dioxide may be formed. At decomposition temperature, chlorine gas may be emitted. Decomposition releases nitrogen oxides. Isocyanate-containing vapors are a hazardous decomposition product. May release hydrogen chloride under fire conditions. At decomposition temperature, fluorine gas may be emitted.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Prevent contact with zinc and zinc alloys. Avoid contact with moisture and/or water. Keep away from strong bases and acids. Prevent contact with strong oxidizing agents. Avoid contact with amines, metals, concentrated sulfuric or nitric acid, and alcohols.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Harmful if inhaled.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product has not been tested as a whole, individual component data, (where available), is listed below:

#### PARACHLOROBBENZOTRIFLUORIDE (98-56-6)

Acute Dermal Toxicity LD50: 2,700 mg/kg Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 33.08 mg/l Acute Oral Toxicity LD50: 6,800 mg/kg Target Organ, Single Exposure Respiratory

Eye Irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation. Skin Irritation

#### **HOMOPOLYMER OF HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE (28182-81-2)**

Acute Dermal Toxicity LD50:>2,000 mg/kg Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50: >10.0 mg/l Toxic if inhaled.

Acute Oral Toxicity LD50: >2,000 mg/kg

Skin Sensitizer May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory Sensitizer May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Target Organ, Single Exposure Respiratory May cause respiratory irritation.

Suspected of causing cancer. Carcinogenicity Classification

#### N-BUTYL ACETATE (123-86-4)

Acute Dermal Toxicity LD50: >16,000 mg/kg Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50: >20.0 mg/l LD50: >14,130 mg/kg Acute Oral Toxicity

Target Organ, Single Exposure Central Nervous System May cause drowsiness/dizziness

# 1,2,4 TRIMETHYLBENZENE (95-63-6)

Acute Dermal Toxicity LD50: >5,000 mg/kg Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 18.0 mg/l

LD50: 5,000 mg/kg Acute Oral Toxicity Eve Irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Irritation Causes skin irritation.

Target Organ, Single Exposure Respiratory May cause respiratory irritation

# 4-HYDROXY-4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE (123-42-2)

Acute Dermal Toxicity LD50: >13,500 mg/kg Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50: >20.0 mg/l Acute Oral Toxicity LD50: >2,520 mg/kg Target Organ, Single Exposure Respiratory

May cause respiratory irritation. Eye Irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

# 2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE (112-07-2)

LD50: 1,500 mg/kg Acute Dermal Toxicity Harmful in contact with skin. Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50: >10.0 mg/l Harmful if inhaled. Acute Oral Toxicity LD50: 1,800 mg/kg Harmful if swallowed Target Organ, Repeated Exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

# LIGHT AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (64742-95-6)

Acute Dermal Toxicity LD50: >3160 mg/kg Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50:>20.0 mg/l Acute Oral Toxicity LD50: 3,492 mg/kg Eye Irritation Causes serious eye irritation. Skin Irritation Causes skin irritation.

Target Organ, Single Exposure Respiratory, Central Nervous System May cause respiratory irritation, drowsiness or dizziness.

Target Organ, Repeated Exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Suspected of causing cancer.

Carcinogenicity Classification

XYLENE (1330-20-7)

Acute Dermal Toxicity LD50: >4200 mg/kg Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50:>20.0 mg/l Harmful if inhaled.

Acute Oral Toxicity LD50: >3,500 mg/kg

Aspiration Toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters Eye Irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Irritation Causes skin irritation.

Target Organ, Single Exposure Respiratory, Central Nervous System May cause respiratory irritation, Target Organ, Repeated Exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity Classification Suspected of causing cancer.

# Information on Toxicological Effects

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Vapors can cause irritation of the respiratory tract. High concentrations can cause headache, nausea, weakness, lightheadedness, and stupor (CNS depression). Certain individuals will develop sensitization, (chemical asthma) which will result in reactions at levels below the TLV. Conditions aggravated by exposure include asthma and other respiratory disorders (bronchitis, emphysema, hyperreactivity). May cause dizziness and drowsiness. Inhalation may cause CNS symptoms like fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and lack of coordination. Overexposure of vapor may cause irritation of eyes, nose and throat. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Vapor concentrations above recommended exposure levels are irritating to eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headache, dizziness, anesthesia, drowsiness, unconsciousness and other central nervous system effects. Overexposure may cause upper respiratory tract irritation, headaches, cyanosis, blood serum changes, central nervous system damage and narcosis. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue/drowsiness, dizziness and nausea.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Causes skin irritation. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident on reexposure to this material. Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis (rash). Personnel with pre-existing skin disorders should avoid contact with this

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: May cause corneal injury. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness and swelling. Causes serious irritation to eyes. Contact with eye may cause redness and pain

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed. Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach. Overexposure may cause nausea, diarrhea, and/or vomiting. May cause dizziness and drowsiness and/or stupor. Ingestion may cause qastrointestinal tract irritation. May cause nausea and vomiting. Ingestion may cause weakness, confusion, anxiety, decreased blood pressure and CNS depression with collapse and coma. May damage the kidneys

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: May cause delayed lung damage. Vapors irritating to eyes and respiratory tract. Overexposure may cause nervous system damage. Overexposure may cause kidney damage. May cause liver disorder (e.g., edema, proteinuria) and damage. Significant exposure to this chemical may adversely affect people with chronic disease of the respiratory system, central nervous system, kidney, liver, skin, and/or eyes. May cause target organ damage. Exposure may damage liver and kidneys. Very high exposure (confined spaces/abuse) to light hydrocarbons may result in abnormal heart rhythm.

Primary Route(s) of Entry: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**RECOMMENDATIONS:** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection, waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Empty containers should be disposed of through an approved waste management facility. Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261, ensure conformity to all applicable hazardous waste regulations, consult your local or regional authorities.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**UN NUMBER: UN1263** 

UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME: PAINT TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS: 3

PACKING GROUP: III

**SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS:** The listed transportation information applies only to ground transport and does not address regulatory variations due to changes in package size, mode of shipment or other regulatory descriptors. This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. It is the responsibility of the shipper and the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material. Local Government regulations and rules should prevail.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### **UNITED STATES FEDERAL REGULATIONS:**

OSHA: OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

A component(s) of this product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

# **EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act**

# CERCLA RQ - 40 CFR 302.4 (a)

List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (RQ)

<b>Chemical Name</b>	<b>CAS Number</b>	RQ
XYLENE	1330-20-7	100 lbs.
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	1,000 lbs.
N-BLITYL ACETATE	123-86-4	5 000 lbc

Printed: 6/15/2020 Version No.: 23133-1 SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Category - 40 CFR 370.2

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Reactive Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

# **SARA 313 Components - 40 CFR 372.65**

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and 40 CFR 372:

**CAS Number** Chemical Name XYLENE ETHYLBENZENE 1330-20-7 100-41-4 1,2,4 TRIMETHYLBENZENE 95-63-6 1,6-HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE 822-06-0 CUMENE 98-82-8

# **STATE REGULATIONS:**

# **California Proposition 65**



WARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

**CAS Number Chemical Name** CUMENE 98-82-8 ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4

# New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts

**Chemical Name CAS Number** N-BUTYL ACETATE 123-86-4 PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDE 98-56-6 4-HYDROXY-4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE 123-42-2 2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE 112-07-2 64742-95-6 LIGHT AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA 1,2,4 TRIMETHYLBENZENE 95-63-6 XYLENE 1330-20-7 ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4 1,6-HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE 822-06-0 CUMENE 98-82-8

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

HMIS RATING		
Health:	2	
Flammability:	2	
Personal Hazard:	1	
Personal Protection:	X	

0 = not significant, 1 = Slight, 2 = Moderate, 3 = High, 4 = Extreme, \* = Chronic

DISCLAIMER: The information and recommendations set forth herein are presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of this date. The Eastwood Company makes no representation, warranty or guarantee as to the completeness or accuracy thereof. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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