

DATE ISSUED:	2/05/2021
Version No.:	13558-4

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Eastwood Low VOC Urethane Basecoat System

PRODUCT CODE: See list below

PRODUCT USE: FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

MANUFACTURED FOR:

The Easthill Group dba The Eastwood Company 263 Shoemaker Road, Pottstown, PA 19464

USA: 1-800-345-1178 or (610) 323-2200 CANADA: 1-800-820-9042

24 HR. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:

Only in the Event of a Chemical Emergency Involving A Spill, Leaks, Fire, or Exposure

Call Chemtrec Toll Free Day or Night: 1-800-424-9300 International Call Collect: (202) 483-7616

13558ZPA	Hugger Orange	16173ZP	Euro Racing Green	33988ZP	Blue Marlin Metallic
13559ZPA	Electric Yellow	16174ZP	Canyon Dusk Copper	33989ZP	Fireball Red Pearl
13560ZPA	Malibu Sunset Metallic	16175ZP	Champagne Metallic	52418ZP	Meteor Gray Metallic
13561ZPA	Gasser Green Metallic	16176ZP	Plum Crazy Purple	52419ZP	Quarter Mile Candy Red
13562ZPA	Cruise Night Blue Metallic	16177ZP	Prostreet Red	54220ZP	Midnight Metallic Black
13563ZPA	Eastwood Blue Pearl	16178ZP	GM Regal Red	54221ZP	Burn Out Blue Metallic
13564ZPA	Chop Top Silver Metallic	16179ZP	Afterburner Red	54222ZP	Pinup Red
13565ZPA	Tunnel Ram Gray Metallic	16180ZP	Can-Am Classic White	54223ZP	Bonneville Black Cherry
.3566ZPA	Boulevard Black	16181ZP	Wimbledon White	54501ZP	GM White (Code 40)
L3567ZPA	Pure White	16182ZP	Ermine-Cameo White	54502ZP	GM Fleet White (Code 12)
.3568ZPA	USA Bright White	16183ZP	Pearl Necklace White	54503ZP	Chrysler Omaha Orange
.3569ZPA	Ford Candy Apple Red	16184ZP	Daytona Yellow	54504ZP	School Bus Yellow
.3726ZPA	Jade Green Metallic	33971ZP	Euro Racing Green	54505ZP	Teal Ocean Metallic
5682ZPA	Molten Red Metallic	33972ZP	Platinum Frost Pearl Metallic	54506ZP	Twilight Sky Pearl
5686ZPA	Moonlight Drive Metallic	33973ZP	Destroyer Gray	54507ZP	Slate Blue Metallic
5688ZPA	Rally Red	33974ZP	Lead Sled Metallic	54508ZP	Mack Blue
5689ZP	Brown Sugar Metallic	33975ZP	9mm Metallic	54509ZP	Burnt Mahogany Pearl
5691ZPA	Platinum Frost Silver Metallic	33976ZP	Black Ice Silver Metallic	54510ZP	Sublime Green
5692ZPA	RedLine Red	33977ZP	Black Ice Gold Pearl	54511ZP	Disco Silver Metallic
5694ZPA	Tropical Sunset Orange Pearl	33978ZP	Yellow Sapphire	54512ZP	Disco Gold Metallic
5695ZPA	Deep Lagoon Blue	33979ZP	Spruce Green Metallic	54513ZP	Lemon Head Pearl
5696ZPA	Destroyer Gray	33980ZP	Electric Yellow	54514ZP	Dark Shadow Red Metallic
.5697ZPA	Sub Zero Blue Pearl	33981ZP	Deep Lagoon Blue	54515ZP	Goblin Green Pearl
.5698ZPA	Fire Ball Red Pearl	33982ZP	Carbon Metallic	54516ZP	Burgundy Sunset
.5699ZPA	Agave Green Metallic	33983ZP	Redline Red	54517ZP	Maroon Rose Metallic
.5700ZPA	Sandstone Tan	33984ZP	Afterburner Red	54518ZP	Deep Space Pearl Metallic
L6170ZP	Eastwood Royal Blue	33985ZP	Quarter Mile Candy Red	54519ZP	Orange Sparkle Pearl
.6171ZP	Coastal Highway Blue	33986ZP	Pinup Red	54520ZP	Galaxy Purple Pearl
.6172ZP	Mulsanne Blue Metallic	33987ZP	Caribbean Bay Blue Pearl		

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

CLASSIFICATION:

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS: Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY Inhalation: Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY Oral: Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY Dermal: Category 4 ASPIRATION HAZARD: Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY: Category 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY: Category 1B SKIN IRRITATION: Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION: Category 1 EYE IRRITATION: Category 2A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY:

SINGLE EXPOSURE: Category 3 (Respiratory, Central nervous system)
REPEATED EXPOSURE: Category 2 (Liver, Kidney, Central nervous system)

GHS label elements

PICTOGRAMS



SIGNAL WORD: Danger

HAZARD STATEMENTS: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin, causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation, drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

PREVENTION: Read all warning statements on all labels for this and any other products to be mixed with it prior to use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting, and other tools or equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust, fumes, gas, mist, vapors or spray. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Use personal protective equipment as required, (see Section 8). Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye/face protection. Wear an appropriate, properly fitted fresh air supplied respirator (NIOSH-approved TC19 or equivalent) during and after application, and until all organic solvent vapors and spray mists are exhausted, or any time airborne contaminant levels exceed exposure limits indicated in Section 8. Avoid release to the environment. If spilled, contain material with inert absorbent in compliance with local, regional and national regulations. Keep out of reach of children and pets at all times.

RESPONSE: IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Rinse skin with water or shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction do not use water, see Section 5.

STORAGE: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.

DISPOSAL: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Range % by Wt
TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE	540-88-5	15 - 50 %
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	20 - 35 %
PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDE	98-56-6	15 - 30 %
XYLENE	1330-20-7	5 - 20 %
ACETONE	67-64-1	< 10 %
DIACETONE ALCOHOL	123-42-2	< 10 %
DIMETHYL CARBONATE	616-38-6	< 10 %
GLYCOL ETHER EB ACETATE	112-07-2	< 10 %
METHYL NORMAL AMYL KETONE	110-43-0	< 10 %
GLYCOL ETHER PM ACETATE	108-65-6	< 10 %
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON	64742-94-5	< 5 %
HIGH FLASH NAPHTHA	64742-95-6	< 5 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, check for and remove contact lenses. Seek immediate medical attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush exposed area with large amounts of water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Wash clothing separately and clean shoes before reuse.

INGESTION: Seek immediate medical attention, contact physician or poison control center. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION: Seek immediate medical attention. Remove from exposure to fresh air. If not breathing or if breathing is irregular, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel; rescuers should put on appropriate protective gear. To prevent aspiration, keep head below knees.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: This material is an aspiration hazard. Potential danger from aspiration must be weighed against possible oral toxicity when deciding whether to induce vomiting. Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours after exposure.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Alcohol-resistant Foam. Do not use water, material will float and may ignite on surface of water.

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Fight as volatile liquid fire. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Use water spray to cool containers with caution, avoid spreading burning liquid. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Dike and collect water used to fight fire.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors/dust may cause flash fire or explosion. This material may be ignited by heat, sparks, flame or static electricity. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Empty containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS: Avoid runoff and contact with soil, drains, sewers and waterways. Contact appropriate authority is spill is in excess of reportable quantity, in compliance with local/regional/national regulations.

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS: Eliminate all ignition sources. No smoking, do not use flares. Contact emergency personnel. Evacuate the spill area and keep unnecessary, unprotected personnel away. Do not breathe vapors, use suitable personal protective equipment. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Prevent additional discharge of material if able to do so safely. Ventilate spill area.

METHOD OF CLEANING UP: For small spills, add absorbent (soil may be used in the absence of other suitable materials) and use a non-sparking or explosion-proof means to transfer material to a sealable, appropriate container for disposal. For large spills, dike spilled material, or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway. Place spilled material in an appropriate container for disposal using non-sparking tools.

Dispose of spilled material and contaminated absorbent material in compliance with local and national regulations, use a licensed waste disposal contractor, see Section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING: Use only in a well ventilated area, with appropriate personal protective equipment, (see section 8). Do not eat, drink or smoke when handling this material. Wash hands and face before eating, drinking or smoking. Do not breathe vapor, fumes or mist. Do not get in eyes, or on skin, or clothing.

Always open containers slowly to allow any excess pressure to vent. Containers should be grounded when pouring. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. When transferring, follow proper grounding procedures. Use spark-proof tools and explosion proof equipment.

This material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for all components before mixing, as the mixture will have the hazards of all of its parts. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING INCOMPATIBILITIES: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store locked up. Keep container closed when not in use. Isolate from heat, flame, sparks, pilot lights, smoking materials and other sources of ignition. Containers can build up pressure if exposed to heat (fire). Store containers in a cool, well ventilated, explosion proof area. Protect from direct sunlight. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND PETS AT ALL TIMES.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS\PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components	CAS	Exposure Limits
ACETONE	67-64-1	ACGIH TWA 500 PPM OSHA PEL TWA 1,000 PPM
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON	64742-94-5	Data not available
DIACETONE ALCOHOL	123-42-2	ACGIH TWA 50 PPM OSHA PEL TWA 50 PPM
DIMETHYL CARBONATE	616-38-6	Data not available
GLYCOL ETHER EB ACETATE	112-07-2	ACGIH TWA 20 PPM
GLYCOL ETHER PM ACETATE	108-65-6	Data not available

HIGH FLASH NAPHTHA	64742-95-6	Data not available
METHYL NORMAL AMYL KETONE	110-43-0	ACGIH TWA 50 PPM OSHA PEL TWA 100 PPM
PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDE	98-56-6	Data not available
TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE	540-88-5	ACGIH TWA 200 PPM OSHA PEL TWA 200 PPM
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	ACGIH TLV 10mg/m³ OSHA PEL TWA 15mg/m³ , total dust
XYLENE	1330-20-7	ACGIH TWA 100 PPM OSHA PEL TWA 100 PPM

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Provide explosion proof exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective occupational exposure limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYES AND FACE: Use chemical splash goggles and face shield (ANSI Z87.1 or approved equivalent).

SKIN: Wear impervious gloves to prevent contact with the skin. Where contact is likely, wear chemical resistant gloves, a chemical suit, long sleeves, rubber boots, and chemical safety goggles plus a face shield.

RESPIRATORY: Wear an appropriate, properly fitted fresh-air supplied respirator, (NIOSH-approved TC-19C or equivalent), during and after application, until all organic vapors and spray mists are exhausted or any time airborne contaminate levels exceed exposure limits. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions and observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 cfr 1910.134).

WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Do not eat, drink, or smoke in areas where this material is used. Do not breathe vapors. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid
COLOR: Liquid in various colors

ODOR: Typical

ODOR THRESHOLD: Not available

pH: Not available

MELTING POINT: Not applicable **BOILING POINT:** 133 °F

FLASH POINT AND METHOD: -4 °F TCC

EVAPORATION RATE: Not available

FLAMMABILITY(Solid/Gas): Not applicable

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: .5 TO 13.0 VAPOR PRESSURE: Not available VAPOR DENSITY: Heavier than air DENSITY (lbs/gl): 8.2 – 11.0 SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.98 – 1.20

% SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Not available

OCTANOL/WATER PARTITION COEFFICIENT: Not available

AUTO-IGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not available DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE: Not available

VISCOSITY: 52 - 53 Krebs Units

VOC INFORMATION: This is a Low-VOC Automotive Basecoat. VOC (both Actual and Regulatory) as supplied, varies by color. Please see information on product label for specific VOC contents. When mixed as directed, RTS VOC will not exceed 3.5 lbs/gallon.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Keep away from heat, sparks, flames, and other sources of ignition. Do not smoke, extinguish all flames and pilot lights. Turn off stoves, heaters, electrical motors, tools, appliances and any other possible sources of ignition prior to spray application, during use and until all vapors are exhausted from the area.

CHEMICAL STABILITY: The product is stable. Avoid heat, open flame, sparks, static electricity, freezing.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and possible oxides of nitrogen

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Alkaline materials, strong acids and oxidizing materials.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Under normal conditions of use and storage, hazardous reactions will not occur.

SAFETY DATA SHEET Eastwood Low VOC Urethane Basecoat System

Printed: 2/05/2021 Version No.: 13558-5

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product has not been tested as a whole, individual component data, (where available), is listed below:

ACETONE (67-64-1)

Acute Dermal Toxicity LD50: >7,426 mg/kg (guinea pig) Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 32,000 ppm 4hrs (rat) Acute Oral Toxicity LD50: 5,800 mg/kg (rat)

Target Organ, Single Exposure Category 3: Respiratory, Central Nervous System, May cause respiratory irritation, drowsiness or dizziness.

Eye Irritation Category 2: Causes eye irritation.

AROMATIC HYDROCARBON (64742-94-5)

Acute Dermal Toxicity LD50: >2,000 mg/kg (rabbit) Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50: >4688 mg/m3 4hrs (rat) Acute Oral Toxicity LD50: >5,000 mg/kg (rat)

Category 1: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aspiration Toxicity

Target Organ, Single Exposure Central Nervous System Category 3: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Eye Irritation Category 2A: Causes serious eye irritation. Skin irritation Category 2: Causes skin irritation. Carcinogenicity Classification Suspected of causing cancer.

DIACETONE ALCOHOL (123-42-2)

LD50: 14.5 ml/kg Acute Dermal Toxicity Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 140 mg/l 4hrs (rat) Acute Oral Toxicity LD50: 4g/kg (rat)

Eye Irritation Category 2A: Causes serious eye irritation.

DIMETHYL CARBONATE (616-38-6)

Acute Dermal Toxicity LD50: >5,000 mg/kg (rabbit) LD50: 13000 mg/kg (rat) Acute Oral Toxicity

GLYCOL ETHER EB ACETATE (112-07-2)

Acute Dermal Toxicity LD50: 1,500 mg/kg (rabbit) Category 4

Acute Oral Toxicity LD50: 1,800 mg/kg (rat) Category 4: Harmful if swallowed

Eye Irritation Irritating to eyes.

HIGH FLASH NAPHTHA (64742-95-6)

LD50: >3160 mg/kg (rabbit) Acute Dermal Toxicity Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50: >6193 mg/m3 4hrs (rat) LD50: 3492 mg/kg (rat) Acute Oral Toxicity

Aspiration Toxicity Category 1: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Eye Irritation Category 2A: Causes serious eye irritation.

Target Organ, Single Exposure Category 3: Respiratory, Central Nervous System, May cause respiratory irritation, drowsiness or dizziness.

Carcinogenicity Classification Suspected of causing cancer.

METHYL NORMAL AMYL KETONE (110-43-0)

Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50: >16.7 mg/l 4hrs (rat) Category 4 Harmful if inhaled. Acute Oral Toxicity LD50: 1,600 mg/kg (rat) Category 4 Harmful if swallowed.

Target Organ, Single Exposure Category 3: Central Nervous System, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDE (98-56-6)

LD50: >3,300 mg/kg (rabbit) Acute Dermal Toxicity Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 33 mg/l 4hrs (rat) Acute Oral Toxicity LD50: 13,000 mg/kg (rat)

Target Organ, Single Exposure Respiratory System Category 3: May cause respiratory irritation.

Eye Irritation Category 2A: Causes serious eye irritation. Category 2: Causes skin irritation. Skin Irritation

Skin Sensitization Category 1: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

GLYCOL ETHER PM ACETATE (108-65-6)

Acute Dermal Toxicity LD50: >5,000 mg/kg (rabbit) Acute Oral Toxicity LD50: 8,532 mg/kg (rat)

Category 1B: May damage fertility or the unborn child. Reproductive Toxicity

TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE(540-88-5)

Acute Dermal Toxicity LD50: >2,000 mg/kg Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 12.52 mg/l 4hrs

Category 4 Harmful if inhaled.

Acute Oral Toxicity LD50: 4,500 mg/kg

Target Organ, Single Exposure Category 3: Respiratory, Central Nervous System, May cause respiratory irritation, drowsiness or dizziness.

TITANIUM DIOXIDE(13463-67-7)

LD50: >5,000 mg/kg (rabbit) Acute Dermal Toxicity Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50: >6.8 mg/l 4hrs (rat) Acute Oral Toxicity LD50: >5,000 mg/kg (rat)

Carcinogenicity Classification IARC Group 2B Suspected of causing cancer.

XYLENE(1330-20-7)

LD50: >4,200 mg/kg (rabbit) Category 4 Harmful in contact with skin. Acute Dermal Toxicity

Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50: >20 mg/l 4hrs (rat) Category 4 Harmful if inhaled.

Acute Oral Toxicity LD50: 3,523 mg/kg (rat)

Aspiration Toxicity Category 1: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Target Organ, Single Exposure Category 3: Respiratory, May cause respiratory irritation

Target Organ, Repeated Exposure Category 2: Liver, Kidney, Central Nervous System, May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Eye Irritation Category 2A: Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Irritation Category 2: Causes skin irritation.

Carcinogenicity Classification Contains Ethyl Benzene: IARC Group 2B Suspected of causing cancer.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product has not been tested as a whole, individual component data, (where available), is listed below:

ACETONE(67-64-1)

Toxicity to fish

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to algae

Persistence and degradability

AROMATIC HYDROCARBON(64742-94-5)

Toxicity to fish

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrate

Toxicity to algae

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulation Potential

DIACETONE ALCOHOL(123-42-2)

Toxicity to fish

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrate

Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential

DIMETHYL CARBONATE(616-38-6)

Toxicity to fish

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrate

Toxicity to algae

Toxicity to bacteria Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulation Potential

GLYCOL ETHER EB ACETATE(112-07-2)

Toxicity to fish

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrate

Toxicity to algae Toxicity to bacteria

Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential

HIGH FLASH NAPHTHA(64742-95-6)

Toxicity to fish

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrate

Toxicity to algae

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulation Potential

METHYL NORMAL AMYL KETONE(110-43-0)

Toxicity to fish Toxicity to algae

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDE(98-56-6)

Toxicity to fish

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrate

Toxicity to algae

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

GLYCOL ETHER PM ACETATE(108-65-6)

Toxicity to fish

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrate

Toxicity to algae

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulation Potential

TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE(540-88-5)

Acute aquatic toxicity

Toxicity to fish

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrate

Toxicity to algae

Toxicity to bacteria Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulation Potential

XYLENE(1330-20-7)

Acute aquatic toxicity Toxicity to fish

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrate

Toxicity to algae

Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulation Potential

Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) Daphnia magna (Water flea) Chlorella pyrenoidosa (algae)

Biodegradability

Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Daphnia magna (Water flea) Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) Biodegradability

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Biodegradability

Bioaccumulation

Danio rerio (zebra fish) Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)

Activated sludge Biodegradability

Bioaccumulation

Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

(Daphnia)

Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)

(Bacteria) Biodegradability Bioaccumulation

Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Daphnia magna (Water flea) Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)

Biodegradability Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Pimephales promelas (flathead minnow) Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)

. Biodegradability

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Danio rerio (zebra fish) Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) Biodegradability

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae) Biodegradability Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Harmful to aquatic life Low acute toxicity to fish

Low acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates.

Harmful to algae. Can inhibit growth of aquatic algae Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) High concentrations may be harmful to sewage treatment

Biodegradability Bioaccumulation

Expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

Daphnia magna (Water flea) Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) Biodegradability

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

LC50: 5,540 mg/l 96hrs EC50: 12,700 mg/l 48hrs EC50: 3,020 mg/l 14 days Readily

LL50: 2 mg/l 96hrs EL50: 1.4 mg/l 48hrs EL50: 1-3 mg/l 72hrs Not readily biodegradable

LC50: 420 mg/l 96hrs EC50: 9,000 mg/l 24hrs

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

LC50: >100 mg/l 96hrs EC50: 83 mg/l 24hrs EBC50: 72 mg/l 72hrs EC50: >1,000 mg/l 3hrs

Readily

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

LC50: 28 mg/l 96hrs 37 mg/l 48hrs 520 mg/l 72hrs 2,800 mg/l 18hrs Readily

Low potential for bioaccumulation

LL50: 10 mg/l 96hrs EL50: 4.5 mg/l 48hrs EL50: 3.1 mg/l 72hrs Readily log Pow: 3.42 (25 C)

LC50: 131 mg/l 96hrs EC50: 98.2 MG/L 72 hrs

Readily Log Pow: 1.98

LC50: 3 mg/l 96hrs IC50: 2 mg/l 48hrs EC50: >0.41 mg/l 72hrs Not readily biodegradable

Pow: 5,030 (25 C) log Pow: 3.7 (25 C)

LC50: 100 mg/l 96hrs EC50: 500 mg/l 48hrs EC50: >1,000 mg/l 96hrs

Readily log Pow: 0.43

EC50: 16 ml/l 72hrs

EC50: 64 mg/l 96hrs plant microbes. 1.5 mg/l Inherently biodegradable Not expected to bioaccumulate

Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

LC50: 2.6 mg/l 96hrs EC50: 1 mg/l 24hrs ErC50: 4.36 mg/l 73hrs Readily log Pow: 3.12 - 3.16

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

RECOMMENDATIONS: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection, waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Empty containers should be disposed of through an approved waste management facility. Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261, ensure conformity to all applicable hazardous waste regulations, consult your local or regional authorities.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN NUMBER: UN1263

UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME: PAINT TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS: 3

PACKING GROUP: II

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS: The listed transportation information applies only to ground transport and does not address regulatory variations due to changes in package size, mode of shipment or other regulatory descriptors. This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. It is the responsibility of the shipper and the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material. Local Government regulations and rules should prevail.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

UNITED STATES FEDERAL REGULATIONS:

OSHA: OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

A component(s) of this product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA RQ - 40 CFR302.4 (a)

List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (RQ)

<u>Chemical Name</u>	CAS Number	<u>RQ</u>
ACETONE	67-64-1	5,000 lbs.
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON Contains: Naphthalene	64742-94-5 91-20-3	2,000 lbs. 100 lbs.
GLYCOL ETHER EB ACETATE	112-07-2	Glycol Ethers N230
HIGH FLASH NAPHTHA	64742-95-6	3,333 lbs.
Contains: Xylene	1330-20-7	100 lbs.
TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE	540-88-5	5,000 lbs.
XYLENE	1330-20-7	100 lbs
Contains: Ethyl Benzene	100-41-4	1,000 lbs.

SARA 313 Components - 40 CFR 372.65

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and 40 CFR 372:

<u>Cnemical Name</u>	CAS Number
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON Contains: Naphthalene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene GLYCOL ETHER EB ACETATE	64742-94-5 91-20-3 95-63-6 112-07-2
HIGH FLASH NAPHTHA Contains: 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Cumene	64742-95-6 95-63-6 98-82-8
XYLENE	1330-20-7
Contains: Ethyl Benzene	100-41-4

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Category - 40 CFR 370.2

This product is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

(X) Fire Hazard (X) Acute Health Hazard (X) Chronic Health Hazard

STATE REGULATIONS:

California Proposition 65



WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm – www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

Chemical Name	CAS Number	
ACETONE AROMATIC HYDROCARBON	67-64-1	Cancer, Developmental toxicity
Component: Naphthalene	91-20-3	Cancer
XYLENE Component: Ethyl Benzene	100-41-4	Cancer
TITANIUM DIOXIDE HIGH FLASH NAPHTHA	13463-67-7	Cancer
Component: Cumene	98-82-8	Cancer

New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts Right-To-Know Component Information

<u>Chemical Name</u>	CAS Number
ACETONE	67-64-1
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON Contains: Naphthalene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	64742-94-5 91-20-3 95-63-6
DIACETONE ALCOHOL	123-42-2
DIMETHYL CARBONATE	616-38-6
GLYCOL ETHER EB ACETATE	112-07-2
GLYCOL ETHER PM ACETATE	108-65-6
HIGH FLASH NAPHTHA Contains: 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Cumene	64742-95-6 95-63-6 98-82-8
METHYL NORMAL AMYL KETONE	110-43-0
PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDE	98-56-6
TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE	540-88-5
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7
XYLENE Contains: Ethyl Benzene	1330-20-7 100-41-4

16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS RATING	
Health:	3
Flammability:	3
Personal Hazard:	1
Personal Protection:	J



0 = not significant, 1 = Slight, 2 = Moderate, 3 = High, 4 = Extreme, * = Chronic

DISCLAIMER: The information and recommendations set forth herein are presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of this date. The Eastwood Company makes no representation, warranty or guarantee as to the completeness or accuracy thereof. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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